San Francisco.

EDINGTON & CO'S

ESSENCE OF

AMAICA GINGER.

This valuable preparation, containing, in a highly
trated form, all the properties of the Jamaica Gin-
as become one of the most popular domestic reme-
r all diseases of the stomach and digestive organs.
tonic. It will be found invaluable to all persons
ering from debility, whether produced by fever or
rise, for, while it imparts to the system all the
d vigor that can be produced by wine or brandy,
tirely free from the reactionary efforts that follow
e of spirits of any kind.
also an excellent remedy for females who suffer
difficult menstruation, giving almost immediate
to the spasms that so frequently accompany that
.
ives immediate relief to Nausea, caused by riding
railroad car, or by sea-sickness, or other causes. It
valuable as an external application for Gout,
matism, Neuralgia, etc.
d by Druggists everywhere, and at wholesale by
NGTON & CO., Agents for the Pacific Coast, San
ncisco. Je24d2tm6p

TOP THAT COUGHING

OME OF YOU CAN'T, AND WE DON'T
you. You have tried every remedy but the ONE
ended, by its intrinsic merit, to suppress all simi-
preparations. It is not surprising you should be
uctant to try something else after the many ex-
iments you have made of trashy nostrums that
ud on the public as a certain cure; but

NEWELL'S
Pulmonary Syrup

really the VERY BEST remedy ever known for
the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asth-
, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Consumption. Thou-
ds of people in California and Oregon have been
eady benefitted by the surprising curative powers

NEWELL'S
Pulmonary Syrup

d with one second give it their unqualified appro-
tion. We never sold an ointment to all who are in-
nished with this, the greatest Pectoral of the age
r the healing of all diseases of the Throat and
ngs, urging you that

NEWELL'S
Pulmonary Syrup

e cured the worst and it will cure YOU if you try

This invaluable medicine is pleasant to the taste;
othing, healing and strengthening in its effects; en-
ely free from all injurious or mineralous drugs,
d may be taken with perfect safety by the most
licate from many prominent citizens of San
ncisco. Sold by every druggist in the country

REDINGTON & CO., Agents, San Francisco,
And Druggists everywhere. Je21d2tm6p

MARTHA WASHINGTON"
HAIR RESTORATIVE!
A PERFECT

Hair Restorer and Hair Dressing,

Both Combined in One,

Trust no other, however plausible—
None can do what this has done;
Try it—always keep it at hand—
Use the "Martha Washington."

Twenty thousand heads reminds me
What a noble test it's stood;
Millions more shall come behind us,
With their grateful acclaim resound.

It will keep the Hair soft and
glossy, change gray hair to its
original color, prevent the hair
from falling out or getting thin,
make old heads look young, and
do all that can be reasonably ex-
pected of a genuine, first-rate Hair
Restorer. All who have used the
"Martha Washington" pronounce
it superior to everything of the
kind, and, being a perfect Hair
Dresser as well as a Hair
Restorer, it is an acquisition to
every Toilet. Redington & Co.,
Wholesale Agents, San Francisco.

AHEAD OF ALL OTHERS
IN THE
MARTHA WASHINGTON"
HAIR RESTORER!
dlm6p

REDINGTON'S
FLAVORING EXTRACTS

are made from Fresh Fruits. Each
bottle holds twice as much as any other
brand in the market, consequently they
are the cheapest and the best. USE NO
OTHER.

REDINGTON & CO.,
Agents for the Pacific Coast.
d1m6p

GRAEFENBERG

Uterine Catholicon.

thfully used according to directions will cure every
of Diabetes, and greatly mitigate the troublesome
caused by a relaxation of the outlet of the bladder.
most successful remedy for Gravel and other dis-
of the Kidneys and Bladder, and for Female Dis-
is unequaled. The CATHOLICON uniformly cures
ons Uteri, Whites, all Irregularities of the Monthly
, Suppression, Incontinence of Urine, Bloating and
ical Swellings, and all Diseases of Pregnancy. The
n action of this medicine is immediate and certain
the Uterine and Abdominal Muscles and Ligaments,
ing them to as healthy a state as those of child-
and youth, so that patients who have used the
enberg Company's Uterine Catholicon cannot suffi-
y express their gratitude for the relief afforded.

REDINGTON & CO., Agents,
416 AND 418 FRONT STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.
d1m4p

a remedy to purify
anse the blood, leav-
free from humors and
ilies, we assert with
nce that there is no-
better than SCO-
S BLOOD AND LIV-
RUP.

SCOVILL'S
BLOOD AND LIVER
SYRUP HAS NO EQUAL
AS A BLOOD MEDICINE
IT IS NO SECRET MEDI-
CINE, AS THE FORMULA
HAS BEEN PUBLISHED
IN THE MEDICAL BOOKS

S USED EXTENSIVELY BY PHYSICIANS AS
OST RELIABLE MEDICINE KNOWN FOR THE
OF SCROFULA, WHITE SWELLING, AND ALL
SES GROWING OUT OF AN IMPURE STATE
E BLOOD. THOUSANDS WILL TESTIFY TO
LUE.

REDINGTON & CO., Sole Agents,
416 and 418 Front St., San Francisco.
Je24d7m6p

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VII PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1867. NO. 145

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months. ADVERTISING at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—No. 5 Washington street, one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 529 Washington Street, San Francisco.

Business Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs.)
Residence—North Fourth street,
sold Between Band C. dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIST,

THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT, can consult him at his office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square. Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.
Portland, Jan. 10, 1864. dtf

ADDISON C. GIBBS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Office—In Carter's New Brick Building. ap12dtf

O. P. MASON,
Attorney-at-Law,
102 Front St., Portland, Oregon.
HAVING BEEN PREPARED TO ATTEND TO ANY BUSINESS under the Bankrupt Law committed to his charge. All persons desiring copies of the law, the necessary forms for application, the rules of practice and the fees, can be supplied at an early day, upon application to me. ap18dtf

J. C. STEWART. C. B. COURLEY
STEWART & COURLEY,
No. 109 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS
AND DEALERS IN
Clocks, Watches and Jeweler's Goods.
Agents for the AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, also for Wilcox & Gibbs' Letter "G"
Sewing Machines.
ap12dtf

H. W. CORBETT,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
AMERICAN AND ENGLISH
HARDWARE,
Front St., Corner of Oak,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

HOLBROOK, MERRILL & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Stoves, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron,
LEAD PIPE, PUMPS, ZINC, WIRE
AND HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware.
12 and 15 Front St., San Francisco.
175 and 178 J St., Sacramento.
Main St., Austin, Nevada.

RUSSELL & DALTON,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
Solicitors in Chancery and Real Estate Agents,
WILL PRACTICE IN THE COURTS OF THE Second, Third, and Fourth Judicial Districts, and in the Supreme Court of Oregon.
OFFICE in Parrish's Brick Building, Albany, Oregon.
SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the COLLECTION OF CLAIMS at all points in the above named Districts. jy8dtf

Agents Wanted
TO CANVASS IN
OREGON, WASHINGTON AND IDAHO
FOR
FLEETWOOD'S LIFE OF CHRIST!
Cobbin's Domestic Bible, and
GREELEY'S AMERICAN CONFLICT.
Address, JOSEPH HANSON,
my24dawtf Albany, Oregon.
EDWARD BOSQUI, GEORGE DALY.

E. Bosqui & Co.
Printers,
And Blank Book Manufacturers,
No. 517 Clay Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

E. L. BURNAP. J. J. MURPHY.
HERMAN & MURPHY,
No. 1 North Front, Corner of A Street,
DEALERS IN
FAMILY GROCERIES,
COUNTRY PRODUCE, ETC.
WE PARTICULARLY CALL THE ATTENTION of consumers to our LEWIS RIVER BUTTER, the best in the market, which we receive Fresh from the Dairy.
Thanking our friends for past favors, we hope by strict attention to RETAIL BUSINESS ONLY, to merit the continued patronage of friends and the public in general.
SHIP AND PASSENGER STORES CAREFULLY PUT UP. jy3dtf

J. M. KEELER,
OREGON COMMISSION AGENCY,
PIER 25 LIBERTY STREET,
NEW YORK CITY.
FOR BUYING AND SHIPPING DIRECT
BY THE ISTHMUS OR CAPE HORN,
Any and Varieties of Merchandise, including
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, FARMING IMPLEMENTS,
CARRIAGES AND MACHINERY.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION WILL ALSO BE GIVEN to the Securing and Disposition of PATENTS. All orders and business will receive prompt attention.
Goods Shipped in best style, at the Lowest Rates, and Forwarded to order.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. Merrill & Co., San Francisco, California.
Messrs. Merrill & Co., Portland, Oregon.
Messrs. Salem, Oregon.
Messrs. Montelius, Albany, Oregon.
NEW YORK CITY REFERENCES:
J. L. Boswell & Bro., Bankers, 29 Broad St.
Messrs. C. E. Tilton, 95 and 97 Liberty St.
Messrs. Starr, late of Oregon, 95 Liberty St.
Messrs. Treas. National Bank Note Co., 1 Wall St.
my8dawtf

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
W. C. Ayer of Bush and Sansome Sts.
SAN FRANCISCO,
Lyons & Patten, Proprietors.
ap26dawlp

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

NOTICE.

Wells, Fargo & Co's
FAST FREIGHT LINE!
STILL GREATER
Reduction on Freight
TO IDAHO!
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1867, UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows:

From Portland to Boise City.....31 cents per pound.
" " Idaho City.....27 " " "
" " Ruby City.....27 " " "

Portland, June 1, 1867.
je1dtf WELLS, FARGO & CO.

UMATILLA,
GRANITE AND OLIVE CREEK
EXPRESS!
LEAVES
UMATILLA
EVERY
Tuesday Morning
For the above named points.
N. B. PARSONS,
fe22dawtp Proprietor.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
UMATILLA, OREGON.
GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED TO ALL parts of the MINES IN OREGON, IDAHO AND OWYHEE, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to.
Consignments of Goods solicited.
References:
Jacob Underfelt & Co., Allen & Lewis,
Geo. C. Johnson & Co., Portland, Oregon.
San Francisco,
Mark Goods care of J. R. F., Umatilla.
A full stock of Groceries and Provisions, Hardware, Mechanics', Miners' and Blacksmiths' Tools, Iron and Steel, always on hand, and will be sold Low for Cash.
my10dtf JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

I. VILOTT. J. OLDENBURG.
I. VILOTT & CO.,
Commission Merchants, Importers and
Wholesale Dealers in
Groceries, Provisions,
WINES & LIQUORS,
LEWISTON, I. T.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO STORAGE.
myddlm1p

FLANDERS & FELTON,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WALLULA, W. T.
PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories; also to the Blackfoot Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us.
All business intrusted to us promptly attended to.
Mark Goods care of F. & F., Wallula.

FLANDERS & FELTON
Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of
Groceries and Liquors.
fe8dtf dtf

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 3 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing,
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.
The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

RUBEN'S
EVERGOING WATCH!!
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING BEEN APpointed sole agents for the above watch, are now prepared to furnish it at market rates.
This watch has a first-class, full jewelled nickel movement, and requires no winding by key or stem, every opening and closing of the upper cover of the case winding the watch for six hours. It is so constructed that it will run for ten days without being opened, and is guaranteed a perfect timekeeper. Price in heavy 18 carat gold cases $350. A liberal discount allowed to the trade.
ISAAC S. JOSEPHI & CO.,
jy16dlpim 041 Washington street,
San Francisco, Cal.

L. C. FULLER,
BROKER,
PAYS THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR
GOLD DUST.
LEGAL TENDERS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
No. 108 Front Street,
jy3dtf PORTLAND, OREGON.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON SEWING Machines, California State Fair, 1866.—"To the President of the State Agricultural Society: Your Committee on Sewing Machines beg leave to report that we have examined the several Sewing Machines on exhibition—the Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Florence—and find that, for general Family use, the FLORENCE IS THE BEST."—J. N. Andrews, Thomas C. McHale, L. Elkus. 34:3m jy11dlpim

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS,
Take Notice.
JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Gauges.
Also, the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ⅛ to 4 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS, T'S, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.
Constantly on hand STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES, GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES, THROTTLE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GUAGE COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of
BRASS WORK,
FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.
Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco. C. H. MYRICK,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
ap3dtf No. 110, First Street, Portland.

Lines of Travel.

DAILY OVERLAND MAIL ROUTE
TO CALIFORNIA!
Through to San Francisco in Six Days,
CARRYING THE
U. S. Mail and W., F. & Co.'s Express.
H. W. CORBETT & CO., Proprietors.
BY THIS ROUTE PASSENGERS AVOID RISK OF OCEAN TRAVEL.
Passing through Oregon City, Salem, Albany, Corvallis, Oakland, Winchester, Roseburg, Canyonville, Jacksonville, and in California—Yreka, Trinity Center, Shasta, Red Bluff, Tehama, Chico, Oroville, Marysville to SACRAMENTO,
CONNECTING WITH THE DAILY STAGES TO ALL Mining Towns in Northern California and Southern Oregon; also, with the RAILROAD FROM OROVILLE TO SACRAMENTO; also, connecting with the CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD TO THE ATLANTIC STATES.
Stages stop over night at JACKSONVILLE and YREKA, for passengers to rest. Passengers will be permitted to lay over at any point, and resume their seats at pleasure at any time within one month, upon notifying the Agent at the Office where they lay over.
FARE TO SACRAMENTO.....$50.
Stages leave the Portland Office (Arrigoni's Hotel) daily at 6 o'clock.
D. G. WHITEHOUSE, Agent.
Portland, June 10, 1867. je11dtf

JOHN HAILEY & CO'S
PIONEER LINE OF
Concord Coaches!
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.
LEAVES UMATILLA, EVERY MORNING AT 6 o'clock for Idaho City and all intermediate points.
HAILEY & CO., Proprietors,
jan1dptf and JOS. PINKHAM, Agent.

To the Traveling Public.
STEAMER
ELIZA ANDERSON,
D. B. MINOR.....Master.
THE ANDERSON HAS NOT BEEN HAULED OFF the route, nor will she be. She is the only steamer that ever RUN REGULARLY on Puget Sound for any length of time. Has just been thoroughly overhauled and is in complete order for a long campaign. Will carry passengers, freight and stock CHEAPER than any other conveyance.
PASSAGE.....$1 00.
Berths and Meals Included.
FREIGHT.....LOWEST RATES.
Vancouver Island Landing permits have been abolished.
Olympia, May 9, 1866. my13dtf

JAMIESON'S
EXPRESS AND PASSENGER LINE
FROM PORTLAND TO
Hillsboro, Centerville & Forest Grove,
CONNECTING WITH WELLS, FARGO & CO.
THROUGH IN ONE DAY!
LEAVES THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE, ON WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 7 A. M.
RETURNING—Leaves Forest Grove on Monday and Thursday at 7 A. M.
All orders for goods, accompanied with the cash, promptly attended to.
Being provided with a FIRST-CLASS THOROUGHBRACE STAGE, the comfort of passengers is insured.
Freight Orders received at H. D. CRATTENDEN'S Store, corner First and Morrison Streets.
J. C. JAMISON.
Je26dawlm

PIONEER WASHER.
JAMES BRUSIE,
AGENT FOR OREGON AND WASHINGTON TERRITORY.
THIS CELEBRATED WASHING MACHINE IS now for the first time introduced to the Oregon public. It is unrivalled for its simplicity, durability and the rapidity and ease of its action. Washing the dirtiest clothes perfectly clean in from five to ten minutes, with but slight labor, and lasting, with proper care, for ten years. The wear and tear of clothing by washing by this machine is vastly less than by any other known process of washing. It is easily worked by one person.
This Machine captured the Special Premium at the California State Fair, and all that have used it pronounce it an invaluable adjunct to all housekeepers and families and washing men and washing women.
It has been extensively introduced throughout the State of California, and receives the universal commendation of all who have used it.
The undersigned is now in the city of Portland, where he can be seen at Mr. O. Kilbourne's Store, corner of Front and Yamhill Sts., East side, Portland, and is prepared to furnish the Machine to purchasers and also to sell and dispose of County Rights for the sale of thousand.
Price for No. 1.....$15.
" " 2.....$15.
ap18dawlm8p JAMES BRUSIE,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!
ST. HELENS MILL & LUMBER CO.
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, WE WILL DELiver Lumber in any part of the city of Portland at the following rates:

ROUGH BUILDING LUMBER	$13 per M.
DRESSED FIX BOARDS (one side)	18 "
DRESSED do do. (two sides & edged)	24 "
DRESSED SIDING	20 "
DRESSED FLOORING, T. & G.	23 "
LATHS, 4 feet	3 50 "
SIDEWALK LUMBER	12 "

A reasonable deduction will be made on Lumber delivered at the wharf, or at the mill.
Shipping Cargoes furnished on short notice at reduced rates.
Having access to large bodies of superior Fir, Cedar and Spruce Timber, we can please all.
Give us a trial and leave your orders with our Agents, Messrs. PARRISH & ATKINSON, No. 14 Morrison St., between Front and First, or with J. M. Hitchey & Co., at the mill.
St. Helens, 18th May, 1867. J. M. HITCHEY & CO. dlm

Best in the World
DONNOLLY'S
CALIFORNIA PREMIUM YEAST POWDERS!
WARRANTED TO MAKE SWEET, LIGHT, WHOLESOME AND NUTRITIOUS BREAD.
BEST ARTICLE TO MAKE GOOD BUCKWHEAT AND OTHER CAKES.
D. CALLAGHAN, Proprietor.
They are 10 per cent. cheaper than the imported article.
DONNOLLY'S pure CREAM TARTAR, DONNOLLY'S SODA SALERATUS, put up Fresh Every Day.

Try Them! Try Them!
PREMIUMS FROM EVERY EXHIBITION
IN THE STATE.
OF THE YEAST POWDER USED IN SAN FRANCISCO ARE
DONNOLLY'S.
Depot, 121 Front Street, near California, San Francisco. je3dlm2p2mosp

Printing Paper
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING SIZES CONSTANTLY KEPT on hand.

22x28.	24x26.
26x32.	24x34.
26x38.	32x32.

Also, 300 lbs. NEWS INK, in 50 lb. kegs.
HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington Street, Portland.

Banking and Insurance.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000!
HEAD OFFICE—3 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES,
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; Approved bills negotiated or collected. Interest allowed on Deposits.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.
Portland, April 10, 1867. dtf

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon, by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary.
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No. 73 Front Street, Portland,
Portland, June 14, 1867. dtf

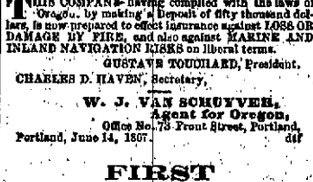
FIRST
NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND
SELL
Coin Exchange on San Francisco
AT PAR!
Buy and Sell
LEGAL TENDER NOTES,
Highest Market Price Paid for
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
jy6dlptf

Pianos and Musical Goods.

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS!
H. SINSHEIMER & CO.,
New York Manufacturers of
BELL METAL PATENT AGRAFFE
GRAND SCALE PIANOFORTES!

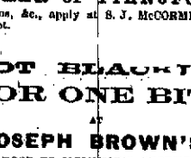
THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to his old patrons and the public generally that he will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of the above class Pianos, which he offers wholesale and retail at New York prices.
AGENT FOR STEINWAY & SONS' CELEBRATED PIANOFORTES and A. H. THOMPSON'S PATENT SWELL and VOICE TREMELO CHORAL ORGAN.
N. B.—PIANOS and ORGANS carefully TUNED and REPAIRED.
H. SINSHEIMER,
je24dawtf 111 Front, St., Portland, Oregon.

MUSIC AND ART GALLERY!
One Door from Cor. First & Morrison Sts.
(Opposite the Western Hotel.)
W. T. SHANAHAN,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Musical Instruments



FINE ENGRAVINGS,
Picture Frames and Moldings.
JUST RECEIVED—THE FINEST & LARGEST STOCK OF
ENGRAVINGS, CROMOS,
Plain and Colored Lithographs, Etc.,
Ever before offered in this market, and at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
ALSO,
Views of Columbia River Scenery!
Constantly on hand.
AGENT FOR BRADBURY'S CELEBRATED
Grand Scale Pianos
Which have given universal satisfaction and which he guarantees to sell at
San Francisco Prices!
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FRAMING PHOTOGRAPH ENGRAVINGS, &c.
PIANOS FOR RENT.
Mr. SHANAHAN, formerly of A. Kohler's Musical Establishment, San Francisco, will attend to Tuning and Repairing Pianos, Melodeons, and all kinds of Musical Instruments.
Portland, June 8th, 1867. d3plf

PROFESSOR JAMES CANS,



TEACHER OF PIANOFORTE,
For terms, &c., apply at S. J. McCORMICK'S, 105 Front street. je10dlf

BOOT BLACKING!
FOR ONE BIT!
AT
JOSEPH BROWN'S,
NEXT DOOR TO O'CONNOR'S PRODUCE STORE, First Street.
All other kinds of Jobbing done at the same decent rates. Give me a call. jy6dlm

Newspaper Ink.
200 LBS. NEWS INK IN 50 LB. KEGS.
For sale by HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington street, Portland.

Walker and Maximilian—A Parallel.

The following comparison, after the style of Plutarch, is from the *Territorial Enterprise*:

William Walker was born in Tennessee, one of the States of the American Union; Maximilian was born in Austria, an Empire of Southern Europe. Walker had Scotch blood in his veins; and was proud of his American birth; Maximilian was a Hapsburg, and boasted that his blood was ennobled by Charlemagne. Walker studied medicine, which he did not practice; Maximilian was bred to the profession of arms, which he did not follow. Walker studied law, traveled in Europe, and became the editor of a newspaper in New Orleans; Maximilian consulted his comfort, remained at home, and was made the Governor of an Austrian province. Walker attempted to elope with the daughter of a distinguished lawyer of New Orleans; Maximilian, without any difficulty, married the daughter of King. Walker settled in California and attempted to carve out a fortune for himself: Maximilian was the son of an Emperor, and had fortune thrust upon him. Walker was ambitious: so was Maximilian. Walker expected to rise, if at all, through his personal energy and daring; Maximilian looked for advancement through his royal connections. The disturbed condition of Mexico and Central America presented attractive fields for operation to Walker; the revolutionary condition of Mexico suggested to Maximilian the possibility of establishing his authority there. Walker, after falling in Sonora, landed in Nicaragua with a force of sixty-two men, invited thither by a revolutionary faction, and for the avowed purpose of assisting the Liberal party; Maximilian entered Mexico under the protection of French bayonets and the authority of a sham election, and with the view of establishing an entirely new form of government, in which the people were to have no voice. Walker fought his way to the capital with the assistance of friendly citizens; Maximilian was sheltered in his march to the City of Mexico by foreign bayonets. Walker made a treaty with the antagonistic party; Maximilian could effect no compromise with the Republicans. Walker, declining the Presidency, was made Generalissimo of the Republic; Maximilian, without consulting the people, proclaimed himself Emperor. Walker received recruits to the extent of 1,200 from the United States; Maximilian was provided with thirty or forty thousand French, Austrians and Belgians. Walker gained strength and was elected President; Maximilian lost strength and was in constant need of reinforcements from abroad. Walker invoked the charter of the Vanderbilt steamship company; Maximilian granted charters for everything asked for. Walker issued a decree for the re-establishment of slavery; Maximilian promulgated an order for the execution of all captured in arms against his authority. The first resulted in the downfall of Walker, the last in the death of Maximilian. Walker's decree created a powerful revolutionary party against him; seconded by several of the Central American States; Maximilian's order strengthened the Republicans under Juarez, and brought to its assistance the war sympathy of the American people. Walker was compelled to leave the country, and surrendered himself to an American man-of-war; Maximilian refused to leave Mexico when he might have done so in safety. Walker returned to Honduras, which had assisted in expelling him from Nicaragua, and with a small force attempted to cut his way through to the Republic of which he claimed to be President by virtue of a legal election; Maximilian, pressed by the Liberals, sought to recapture the country of which he had been dispossessed. Walker issued a proclamation to the people, to the effect that it was not his purpose to make war upon them; so did Maximilian. Walker took possession of Truxillo; Maximilian fortified himself at Queretaro. Walker was ordered away from Truxillo by the English; Maximilian was sustained by European aid and sympathy. Walker was followed and captured; Maximilian was surrounded and taken prisoner. Walker was tried by a court-martial, condemned and shot; so was Maximilian. Every nation in Europe applauded the death of Walker, for he was a plebian filibuster; every nation in Europe is in mourning for Maximilian, for, by virtue of his royal lineage, he had a right to establish a monarchy in Mexico, in opposition to the will of the people, and to shoot down without trial all who dared to raise a hand against him. The parallel might be more closely drawn between the disastrous adventures of Walker and Maximilian in search of empire; but enough has been shown to render it plain that, if Walker deserved death, Maximilian merited the same fate.

WHAT IS THE FUTURE OF MEXICO?—From the London *Post* of May 30th, we take the following:

If, as is to be apprehended, the collapse of the Mexican Empire has been signalized by a sanguinary catastrophe, the intervention out of which it arose so portentously will suggest painful reflections. The idea which the Emperor of the French sought to realize was a dazzling illusion. * * * Thus to describe a failure of a good intention may seem hard. It is, however, indispensable to the vindication of the course which the French Government has taken to withdraw its support from the Mexican Empire. There was, it was true, no alternative. But it does not follow that a Government confident in the power of its sword would have admitted the requirement which, it is due to Seward to remark, was expressed with considerate firmness, if other arguments had been wanting. France accompanied the Emperor when he crossed the Alps to liberate Italy, and would have gone with him to Warsaw; not counting the cost; but the French people never saw their way to Vera Cruz, and when, to years ago, Rouher pointed it out, speaking, as it were, through the national trumpet, his eloquence was lost upon them.

The Austrian Prince who undertook to govern the Mexicans will, if his life is spared, receive much sympathy. He has displayed qualities which win admiration and respect. He has worked hard, and we doubt not honestly. He has had to bear a load of private affliction as well as public trouble. Maximilian was probably deceived and misled, as others were. The Mexican empire was evidently constructed on a scaffold of misrepresentation, and those who are morally answerable for the blood that has been shed, be they whom they may, can have no absolution this side of the grave. But their crime must not be regarded as affording any justification of the means that were adopted to compass an end which, whatever we may think of its object, contravened principles that should be maintained and obeyed with scrupulous exactitude in the arrangement and settlement of international differences. England and Spain, as well as France, had cause to complain of the Mexican Government, if Government it may be called. Nevertheless, they were not entitled to demand more than was due to them. It was not within their province to decide the destinies or to make provision for the better government of some millions of "Indianized Spaniards." The Monroe doctrine is irrelevant to the issue, inasmuch as it forms no part of the law of nations. France has not, we apprehend, acknowledged the pretension in any sense. The objections to the proceedings which led to the establishment of the Mexican empire are, however, obvious, and they do not appear to have been removed by the vote which Maximilian accepted as an expression of the will of the people. They relate to the interests of all States, and to the securities on which peace and freedom are more or less dependent. This was the case in America, and while it is possible that the Mexicans have missed an opportunity of improving their condition, it is manifest that, encouraged by their powerful neighbors, they have vindicated a common right. As to the future all is dark. The blood-stained ruins of the Empire are alone visible. Mexico would be to the United States an embarrassing acquisition; but if self-government is to be tried again, there is nothing to build a hope upon. The people whose nationality is represented by brigandage may well be incapable of appreciating the independence they have recovered.

A few years after the close of the Revolutionary war, a tory in South Carolina, who was a candidate for office, urged as a reason for the success of his party the fact that "during the seven years the Whig party had been in power the country had been thrown into a cruel and bloody civil war, and an enormous public debt had been loaded upon the people."

The Copperheads of to-day use the same argument by striking out the word "Whig" and substituting the word "Union."—*Unionist.*

Colored draymen in Memphis are asked a dozen times a day if they are going to vote for Brownlow. Those only who answer in the negative get the patronage of the Conservatives.

How the Union Pacific Railroad is Built.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, who accompanied the Senatorial party on the recent excursion from Omaha says:

There is really little known by the people of the character of the enterprise. Most think that a company of capitalists are putting down a rude track, over which cars can be moved with care, for the purpose of securing lands and money from the Government. The fact is, that one of the most complete roads of which the country can boast, with equipments that surpass many, is being laid with a speed that fails to impress the nation, simply because it is not believed. But let the facts tell the plain yet wonderful story.

General J. S. and D. C. Casement, of Ohio, grade the road, lay the track, and put up the telegraph. The graders go first. There are two thousand of them. Their advance is near the Black Hills. They protect themselves, and are digging the great fortification which makes the future sure for us, on through Indian battle-fields while the daily fight goes on. Their work is done to Julesburg.

Of the getters and wood choppers there are one thousand and five hundred. Their axes are resounding in the Black Hills, over Laramie Plains, and in the passes of the Rocky Mountains. They have one hundred thousand ties in these hills awaiting safeguards for trains to haul them.

A mile in advance of the track layers are the squads which place the ties. There are three of these. First, however, the engineers set their levelling stakes at distances of one hundred feet on the straight lines, and fifty on the curves. At each of those points sawed ties are placed and levelled by them. Then comes two men with a measuring rod, marking off spaces equal to the length of a rail, and also the half of this space. These sawed ties are laid by the second squad, to give firm support to the ends and middle of each rail. These are plaked by sighting along the guide ties already laid. The third squad then place the intermediate ties, and the bed is then ready for the iron.

Now, go back twenty miles on the road and look at the immense construction trains loaded with ties and rails and all things needed for the work. It is like the grand reserve of an army. Six miles back are other trains of like character. These are the second line. Next, near the terminus, and following it hour by hour, are the working cars and a construction train, which answers to the actual battle line. The one is the same as the other in the ammunition used in the fight.

The boarding cars are each eighty feet long. Some are fitted with berths; two are dining cars, one is a kitchen, store room and office. In these the whole those men who prefer fresh air have their hammocks. Rifles are hung overhead in each car, loaded and convenient. The party protects itself without attention from the Government. The track laying gang numbers 400. Of the 350 miles already built, there are 1,000 track repairers constantly improving the road bed.

The boarding cars are in advance. They are pushed to the extremity of the track. As a station train then runs up, unloads its material and starts back to bring another from the supply train. The boarding train is then run back to the front, has cleared the unloaded material.

Three trucks, each drawn by two horses, pass between the track layers and the supply train. The horses run outside the track, passing with a long bow line, as boats are towed on canals. These trucks must be out of the way of the wagons. Each of these trucks takes on a load of ties at the supply train with a proper proportion of spikes and chairs, making a load, when the horses are started on a full gallop for the track layers. On each side of these trucks are rollers to facilitate running off the iron. On reaching the end of the last rail the truck is stopped. A single horse is attached to move it over each successive rail. Meantime the truck last emptied has been turned on the side to allow the loaded one to go to the front. The horses released are started back on a clear gallop for another supply. The third one moves in like manner, and thus through all the day trucks are rushing forward with their iron load. To see them and reflect what their rush and roaring mean is an exciting as it ever was to watch a battle. Each truck in position at a needed moment, at the end of a rail in its line.

The rails within reach, parties of men on either side. One in the rear throws a rail upon the rollers, three in advance of it. Each rail run out with it to the proper distance. The chairs have, meantime, been set under the last rails placed. The two men in the rear, with a single swing, force the end of the rail into the chair, and the chief of the squad calls out "down," in a tone that equals the "forward" to an army. Every thirty seconds, regularly, there came that brave command "down," on either side of the track. They were the pendulum beats of a mighty era; they marked the time of the march and its regulation step.

One of the rear men drove the cars; in addition to handling the rail. The horses started as each rail fell into its place, the truck rolled on to the end of it; a second rail was then projected into the wilderness, with the same precision and haste; then came the magic word "down," the car moved on again, and another length was accomplished.

Two spikers followed each rail, one party a little in advance of the other. One rail was fastened at the end and at the middle. The second party then drew the opposite rail to the exact gauge, and fastened it at the middle and the end. Then came other squads of spikers, moving along with the precision of military drill, each having a particular spike to drive, and no one interfering with another. Track liners followed these, and with their crowbars rectified the line. The fillers came last. One party of these filled and packed the spaces at the end and middle of the rails; the other completed the intermediate interval, and the job was left till the squad of track repairers should come up and finish the ballasting. But as the fillers leave it, full trains can run over it

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1867

The Late Session

It is understood that Congress has adjourned. The late session was an absolute necessity to secure the enforcement of the Reconstruction act. The wisdom of that law had been clearly demonstrated by experience and fully justified by its practical working. The President was charged with its enforcement, a duty which the Constitution lays upon him, and which he was swift to assure everybody should be scrupulously performed. The work had proceeded satisfactorily under the district commandors for several months, when the Attorney General published his opinion, giving his interpretation of the law and defining the powers and duties of the military officers under it. This "opinion" completely destroyed the force of the law, practically invalidated all its provisions, stripped it of the powers which its framers intended it to possess, and rendered it quite inefficient for any of the purposes for which it was designed. It seems to have been the aim of the Attorney General to subject the law to the most crushing screws of strict, technical interpretation, so that it might be rendered entirely impotent. "The letter killeth, but the spirit maketh alive." The President accepted the views of his law officer, (which were probably inspired by himself) and gave orders that they should be followed as a guide by the district commanders. Under these circumstances it was imperative that something should be done. Congress, anticipating trouble, had wisely provided for a July session; and when it became apparent that the good results of the Reconstruction Act were destined to be lost through this obstructive process, that body convened to take measures for carrying the original act into full effect. Thus the session became, through the obstinacy of the President, an absolute necessity. If the work so auspiciously begun under the military bill was to go on, it was necessary that the impediments which had been thrown in the way for the purpose of defeating it, should be promptly removed. It is desirable that these grave questions should be settled as speedily as possible, and the public mind feels that the shortest way to accomplish it is to follow in the course which was commenced last March. The sentiment of the country undoubtedly sustains the Reconstruction act which was passed by the last Congress, and it will accordingly sustain the law which has just been enacted to make the enforcement of that measure speedy and certain.

The new law is merely declaratory. Its object is to define the true intent and meaning of the original act, and not to supersede it. It renders clear,—though they were clear enough before to any honest perception,—those portions of the act which Johnson and his attorney undertook to nullify. The obvious intent of the original law was that the political organizations at the South which had been created by the Executive, were not legitimate State governments. These organizations were to have only a temporary existence and the officials under them were to be subordinate to the military commanders. Their province was merely to assist in the work of organizing new State governments. But the President and Attorney General made their so-called governments superior to the power established by Congress, and thus practically nullified the act of that body. The new law is too explicit on this point to admit of mistake. It declares that "the civil governments of the rebel States are not legal, and if continued, should be subject to the military commanders and the paramount authority of Congress." This was the intention of the original act, and as there can be no further misunderstanding about it, no further obstruction can be thrown in the way of its practical legitimate working.

The Walla Walla people complain, says the *Statesman*, "of the system of taxation that obtains in the Boise country. Being residents of Washington Territory, they are required to pay taxes on their property of whatever description here, and no sooner have they reached Idaho than they are compelled to pay a most exhorbitant rate of taxation on the same property a second time." This practice of the Idahoans has long been an imposition, not to call it by a harsher name; and a good many of the people of Oregon have also had cause to complain of the infliction. Idaho ought to have the grace of being ashamed of this practice and then "reform it altogether."

The Albany (N. Y.) *Journal* thus speaks of General Grant in connection with the Presidency: "The announcement that General Grant will consent to be a candidate, has been followed by a general exhibition of confidence and regard. His emphatic qualification, that he must be the choice of the party which 'upheld the war,' leaves no room for doubt as to where his political sympathies lie. Unless events shall change the present aspect of affairs, no name can be mentioned in connection with this nomination, so popular as that of General Grant."

Says the New *Times*, a "Conservative Republican" paper: "The people approve what both Sheridan and Pope have done. It shows energy, courage and a determination to bring about results. They will regard the removal of either of them, not as a necessary vindication of law, but as a protest against what they have done. Sheridan's removal would have the effect of encouraging resistance to the work he is trying to accomplish. And its effect upon the public mind would be decidedly bad."

The buccaneer, Semmes, recently officiated at a flag presentation at Memphis. With rare felicity, he spoke vaunningly of himself as the person appointed "to restore, as it were, the star-spangled banner to the mast head of the merchant ship, from which he had so often caused it to descend!" The hero was undoubtedly very brave in attacking unarmed, unresisting merchant ships. He almost invariably chose such antagonists. In the only fight he ever had with an armed vessel he struck his colors and then stole away under British protection.

MAN SHOT.—The Idaho *Statesman*, of the 10th, says:

A difficulty occurred yesterday between a man named Finn, employed as herder on the Government ranch, and private John D. Morgan, Co. H, 14th Infantry, in which the latter was shot in the abdomen by the former with a revolver. The difficulty occurred about Morgan's taking a horse from the ranch. Finn gave himself up last night, and he is at present confined in the guard house at Fort Boise.

The Lewiston *Journal* announced some weeks ago that a quartz mill would be taken to Warren's Diggings some time in August. It now learns that the whole project is a fizzle," whereat it complains a good deal, and seems disposed to censure somebody in Portland.

Beverly Nash, the Democratic negro of South Carolina, has repented, says the Augusta *Georgian*, and joined the Republican party. We regret this exceedingly, as the *Oregon Herald* will be no longer able to make use of his speeches as leading editorial articles.

The Democrats of California have nominated a bowling secession preacher for Superintendent of Public Instruction. This is the party which has so much to say about "political religion," "wolves of Calvary," "blood-hounds of Zion," etc, etc.

The *Statesman* says that crops in Walla Walla valley will be very light. Much less than the usual quantity of land was sown, and the yield even from cultivated land shows a falling off.

A man named James E. Bennett was drowned in the Touchet on the 12th inst. He was fishing with a scine at the time of the accident.

By Overland Telegraph.

PATCHED TO THE OREGONIAN

DATES TO JULY 22.

Washington News

CHICAGO, July 21.—The *Times'* special says that the friends of impeachment took advantage of a small attendance yesterday to press through a resolution, directing the Judiciary Committee to report on the impeachment testimony forthwith, according to the evidence hurriedly gathered together, but by a concerted movement of those opposed to its reception kept the floor occupied till the Speaker's hammer announced the close of the session. The committee therefore could not comply with the order of the House.

The President has nominated Horace Greeley as Minister to Austria, but the single objection by Tipton, of Nebraska, carried it over under the rule to the next session of Congress. Tipton would not consent to confirm a man who went bail for Jeff Davis. No other objected.

Stilwell, of Indiana, was nominated as Minister to Venezuela. It was not acted upon.

McClernand, as Minister to Mexico, with Ottenburg, as Secretary of legation, was rejected.

Ward Lamon was rejected as Consul General to Hayti.

The President pocketed the bill providing negro juries for the district.

John Netherland, of Texas, is confirmed as Minister to Bolivia, also the following Consuls: Elisha Loe, Consul at Guayaquil; J Gonzales, Consul at Martinique, and J. N Murphy, Consul at Tabasco.

Colfax, in a speech last night, said he thought Congress struck the golden mean in its reconstruction policy, firm, yet prudent, courageous without undue excitement, inflexible, yet mild. The Congressional policy is proclaimed to all. God keeping us, the United States shall stand by it till it is crowned with triumph.

The Commissioners appointed to consider the most judicial plan for administering the Peabody fund, report that it would be the wisest and most judicious to employ the fund in preparing seminary teachers for the performance of their functions.

The order of May 25th, from the headquarters of the army is modified so as to allow any persons without limit as to number, to trade in the United States posts between the eastern boundary of California and the one hundredth degree of longitude west from Greenwich, subject to such restrictions as may be made by the commanders.

Isodore Barilly has been appointed special agent of the Post Office Department, in charge of the mails between San Francisco, Japan and China. He leaves Sept. 3d.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The *H-rald's* special says that Gen. McClernand's nomination was a mere compliment from the President, who assured him it would not be confirmed. When Congress reassembles, Nugent will be probably sent in and confirmed.

The Commissioners of the General Land Office submitted to the President for his cognizance, patents one and two for the San Francisco District, covering 31,000 acres of swamp land.

Private advices from Washington confirmed the statement that Gen. McClernand's nomination to the Mexican Ministry was a mere compliment. Seward's policy is undoubtedly to refrain from diplomatic intercourse for the present with Mexico. Nugent's friends think that his chance is not good the coming fall.

The Senate has confirmed Wm. Johnson as Register of the Land Office at Sacramento, and Leonard B Ayers for Marysville.

The Surratt Trial.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—In the Surratt trial, Dr Augustus Russell, of New York, testified positively that he saw Surratt at Elmira, April 14th. The defence announced that they would close on Monday, and are willing to submit the case without argument. The prosecution refused to agree to the proposition.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—In the Surratt trial, the Rev. Chas. Boucher, a Catholic priest living near Montreal, was examined at great length. Surratt stopped at his house about three months, and came there about April 22, 1865. He gave his name as Chas. A Ormstead. Boucher did not know that he was connected with the assassination conspiracy. The prisoner's health was very bad the whole time; sometimes he despaired of his life. He discovered that it was Surratt after he had been there some time. He knows A. R. McMillan's reputation for veracity is very bad. Maury Draham, the ferryman at Williamsport, says Surratt crossed his ferry April 4, 1865 Other testimony for the prosecution is unimportant. The testimony for the defence has closed. The testimony in rebuttal will close in two days.

Taxes on Lotteries.

Chief Justice Chase has decided that it is the right of the Government to collect a tax on lotteries. He does not authorize such affairs when the State laws decree them illegal.

From the South

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—Sheridan has ordered registration to be closed on July 31st. Gen. Bragg, superintendent of the water works, charges Sheridan and appointees with wasting the water, and threatens their prosecution. The Commissioner reports that prosecution may be followed by a delay of the appointments.

GALVESTON, July 21.—Headquarters not overwhelmed with reports of outrages in the Red river country. The negroes dare not accept appointments as registers for fear of their lives. In Robinson county a colored church was assaulted, and two men and one woman killed. Captain Randall raised a hundred freedmen and arrested two of the ringleaders, and an outlaw named Grist, implicated in the outrage.

Story about Maximilian.

NEW YORK, July 21.—It is reported in Paris that Maximilian, before entering Queretaro, forwarded to Europe the story of the French expedition to Mexico, written in his own hand. The manuscript is in possession of the Duc de Aumale for publication in Paris.

The Queretaro *Espana* states that Romero secured the order for the execution of Maximilian against the strong inclination of President Juarez, who was in favor of clemency.

The same paper publishes a letter from Maximilian to Carlotta, after his condemnation, in which he regretted all his hopes had been shattered, and so death was a happy deliverance and not an agony. He said, "I shall die gloriously like a king—vanquished, but not disgraced. If your sufferings prove too great, and God should call you soon to join me, I shall bless this divine hand which weighed so heavily upon us. Adieu! adieu! Your poor Maximilian."

A Commission to Treat with Hostile Indians.

CHICAGO, July 22.—It is believed there will be no new Indian troubles. The bill recently passed by Congress provides that the President shall appoint three general officers, who with Indian Commissioner Taylor, Senator Henderson, John B. Sanborn and Col. S. F. Lappan, shall have authority to call together the Chiefs of the hostile tribes and ascertain their reasons for hostility, and make treaties under direction of the President, subject to the approval of the Senate, to remove all just causes of complaint, and establish security along the overland routes and protect travel. The Commissioners are required to select a district of sufficient area, and to move thereon such tribes east of the Rocky mountains not peacefully residing on permanent reservations, in which shall be sufficient tillable land to enable the Indians to support themselves by agricultural pursuits; said district to remain as the permanent home for the Indians, and no other persons are ever to be permitted to enter without permission of the tribes interested, except officers of the United States. Said district is to be located so as not to interfere with the route of either branch of the Pacific railroad, or the proposed route to the Yellowstone, nor any of the present thoroughfares of travel. $450,000 are to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of the act.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, July 21.—Mr. Worthman has rejected the bid of the rebel General Rector for the removal of the Washita Indians. He will remove the Indians himself at an expense of $5,000, thus saving the Government $100,000.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The *Herald's* special says that Judge Kinney, Special Indian Commissioner, reports the Indians at Fort Phil. Kearney anxious to join an expedition against the Sioux. While in council, the Cheyennes stole the Crows' horses. The Crows pursued and captured them.

Miscellaneous

RICHMOND, Va., July 21.—Schofield called upon the Recorder at the Hustings Court, Richmond, for an explanation of certain proceedings in his court of a character partial to the Confederates.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The steamer *Iroquois* reports that the deaths from fever at Mauritius reaches 1,700.

A volcanic eruption is reported nine miles west of Siern, one of the Azore islands. The naval villages have suffered from earthquakes. No lives lost. The volcano is still in action, June 6th.

The formation of a local government at Ontario is completed.

CHICAGO, July 21.—The *Times'* Omaha special says it is reported that a party of hostile Indians are coming down the North Platte, intending an attack on the settlements.

A lot of mules were stampeded at Brady's Station on the Pacific road on Thursday. The Indians attacked a train at Mud Springs on the 17th but were repulsed.

The *Herald's* Fort Wallace special says: Custer reached the fort July 13th. He found the bodies of Lieut. Leddy and ten men of the Second Cavalry who had been sent with dispatches from Sherman. Custer went to Fort Riley with 50 picked men. He lost three on the route. The Indians swarm along the route, and are more bold than ever.

Five hundred army recruits sailed for California yesterday on the *Rising Star*.

The Great Republic freshet in the Mississippi river. Water is as high as in 1859. The St. Anthony suspension bridge is threatened.

RICHMOND, July 21 —It is reported that the cholera has appeared at Greenwood, Yazoo river, Miss. Thirty negroes had died. No case among the whites.

The census of the Cherokee nation shows that the population amounts to 13,156, a falling off of two thousand.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Twelve million feet of logs have gone over St. Anthony Falls in the Mississippi river, yesterday. Another great boom, containing thirty million feet, is still safe.

A train of seceded Mormons has arrived at Julesburg, bound for the States.

NASHVILLE, July 21.—Wm. Scraggs was assassinated in his store at Woodsterville, last night. He was shot through a window. He had taken action on the part of the Radical party at a meeting during the day.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The Judiciary Committee have decided not to publish the impeachment testimony until the next Congress meets.

Mr. Greeley's nomination was made without consulting him, and Mr. Tipton, the only Senator who opposed his confirmation, because Mr. Greeley bailed out Jeff Davis and denounced the execution of Maximilian. Both Democrats and Republicans entreated him to yield, but he would not.

The *Times'* special says Toombs has not been pardoned as alleged.

Two prize fights occurred in New Jersey on Saturday, the 1st inst, between Bobby Wade and Thomas Kavanagh; Wade was the winner. The other between Lawlor, the infant, measuring 5 feet 4 inches, and Johnny Regan. The infant knocked Regan out of time in the 7th round.

ALBANY, July 22.—The amendment to the suffrage clause, giving the women the right to vote, was lost in the convention to-night, by a vote of 60 to 51.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The *Ocean Queen* is still in quarantine. A passenger named William Henry died this morning.

The *Great Republic* sails on the 3d of September.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company have appointed Theodore Irmin, of New Haven, as special agent for the through mails to China.

A destructive fire occurred yesterday in the Navy Yard. It destroyed a tobacco factory and cotton warehouses. Loss estimated at $150,000. Fire was caused by an incendiary.

James F. Cummings has sued Blount for libel, laying his damage at $20,000. The case was argued in the Supreme Court and the decision reserved. The *Herald* lately published a document made in court by one Hortan, that the plaintiff has served the rebel government.

A man named Burratt, who served in the army during the war, stands arrested on a charge of saying that he wished he could place gunpowder under the capitol and blow up the members of Congress. He has been held to bail for good behavior.

CHICAGO, July 23.—The freshet in the Mississippi river is increasing. The volume of water is terrible. The wreck of the old Minneapolis (Minn.) Bridge has been washed away, and the Pacific Railroad bridge at Minneapolis damaged to the extent of $20,000. The St Anthony bridge is impassible and the boom broke on Saturday, by which eight million feet of timber was lost.

The National Base Ball Club of Washington has been making a tour of the western cities and will reach Chicago to-morrow. They have totally beaten all the clubs they have met, including the Pittsburg, Cincinnati Louisville and St Louis clubs, and their progress is awakening a great interest on the national game throughout the country.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Gen. Catlin recommends the discontinuance of rations to all freedmen in Tennessee, except those in hospitals and the orphan asylums.

To give immediate effect to the law to establish peace with the Indians, the Commissioners will meet at St Louis and decide on the programme.

The Treasury will soon commence issuing 15 cent fractional currency.

Gen. Pope is enforcing the order prohibiting civil officers from using any influence whatever to dissuade the people from taking an active part in reconstruction under the acts of Congress.

Reports from all parts of the South show enormous wheat and corn crops. The cotton crop is good, but about three weeks late.

The blacks generally largely outnumber the whites in registration.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Private advices from New York say that Hicks "All Right" died from his injuries, but the fact was suppressed from the public at the time.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Lord, of the celebrated bond robbery, has received from an unknown source $1,500,000, sent by Baring Bros., who received them from a London lawyer, who received the bonds from the guilty party. The name of the latter is unknown.

There are 16 entries for the annual eastern yacht cruise.

The *Herald's* Louisville special says The tobacco crop will be one-third short of the average, and prices are advancing.

The *Herald's* Nashville special says The Republicans certain that Brownlow's majority will be 20,000.

The *Herald's* special says that the President is anxious to get rid of Stanton. A faction in Washington is laboring to induce the President to remove Stanton, Grant and two department commanders.

The President is preparing a proclamation warning all parties against joining unlawful expeditions against Mexico.

The *Tribune's* special says there is tolerable good authority for the statement that the President will soon assign Gen. Sheridan to a new command, but his successor is not yet named.

Shipping

NEW YORK, July 22.—Cleared—July 20th, the *Belvidere* and the *A. Minot*, for San Francisco.

Arrived—July 21st, *Ella Norton*, from Liverpool.

Sailed—July 8th, *Anna May*, for Queenstown.

Arrived—July 6th, the *Frederick*, and sailed for London, July 8th, the *Alfred*, from London July 11th, the *Gazelle*, from the same port, and the *Enoch Bonney*, from Boston.

Cleared—July 12th, the *Nestor*.

Mexico.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The *Herald's* New Orleans special says: The latest advices from Vera Cruz state that the body of Maximilian is to be delivered to the Austrian Legation, and his remains are now on their way to Vera Cruz. There is no truth in the report that the foreign consuls have been molested in Mexico.

CHICAGO, July 22.—The *Republican's* special says the scheme for the annexation of Mexico is a mere private speculation by Abbott, who has no authority to speak for any body.

The *Herald's* special learns that it is the intention of Secretary Seward not to send a Minister to Mexico in retaliation for the rejection of his appeal for the life of Maximilian. In the event of a foreign war he will show the Mexican chief the full extent of his dependence on the United States.

NEW ORLEANS, July 22.—Mexican dates a week later have been received.

The Brownsville *Ranchero* doubts the truth of the report that on army of observation of 50,000 is to be sent to the Rio Grande.

The *Ranchero* publishes a letter said to have been written by Escobado to General Gomez, directing the latter to use every means in his power to make the country entirely Mexican. It says foreigner's property has been acquired by Mexican misfortunes. The Mexicans should now take possession as they have the power, and hunt all foreigners from the country. My motto, he says, is death to all strangers, and he adds, there is no danger of a war Yankees interfering in Mexico, so long as the South en States are kept out of the Union. Before we get through the Yankees will think we are in earnest, and the time will come when their notables will be begging for their own lands instead of the hearts of the Americans.

Marquez has not been found. He is supposed to be secreted in the house of the British Minister. Strict search is to be made and when found he is to be shot.

Diaz has ordered the capture of all foreign Austrians not recognizing Juarez. Twelve more of Maximilian's Generals were shot at Queretaro. Orteleo Castillo and four imperial colonels have been shot, and seven hundred Austrian prisoners have been sent to Puebla.

Juarez has convoked a Congress to elect a new President. Ortega is in prison at Monterey.

Santa Anna is still alive and in Campeachy. His captors are awaiting instructions, the opinion is that he will undoubtedly be shot. The Prussian Consul is negotiating for the release of American prisoners.

The Captain of the Revenue cutter, *Wilderness* reports that the Liberals are extremely independent, defiant and saucy.

NEW YORK, July 22,—The *Tribune* says Greeley's nomination was entirely unexpected by him. He acknowledged the compliment, but could not be induced to leave the country at present.

South America.

NEW YORK, July 21.—A Buenos Ayres letter of June 4th states that President Peraza has resigned, and General Mitre will take command of the allied army.

Advices from Port Elliott state that the Island is dangerously agitated by a rumor of a conspiracy for the overthrow of the Government, and the proclamation of a republic.

Chili continues in political disorder. The debates in Congress were extremely boisterous, and on one occasion the military were called in to preserve order.

The telegraph is opened to Rio Janeiro. The Government had been petitioned for the privilege of laying down a cable from the Western coast of South America and European on behalf of New York parties, who propose to establish the line via Panama to some point in Chili.

Peru is in a very unsettled condition. Robberies are frequent, and the road from Callao to Lima is in the possession of bandits. Congress had decreed the continuance of the war with Spain. This decree was read with dissatisfaction as being ruinous to commerce.

From Central America.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The *Ocean Queen* arrived from Aspinwall July 16th. She brings Carthagenan dates to June 29th.

The war schooner *Colombia* has been carried off by the crew of the *Royo* and delivered to the legitimate authorities at Magdalena.

A courier from Bogota reports all quiet in the interior, Mosquera was still a prisoner.

The Legislative Assembly of Bolivia had resolved to separate from the other States and refuses to acknowledge any other authority except that of Mosquera. The State of Canes, the great stronghold of Mosquera, had recognized the administration of Acosta. This is considered a final blow to the hopes of Mosquera, and it is believed Bolivia will confirm the new arrangement.

European News.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The *Edinburg*, from Liverpool, July 6th, and the *City of Antwerp* from Liverpool, July 10th, have arrived. The Mexican traitor Lopez had been expelled from the Legion of Honor.

The Corps Legislatif passed a bill for 168,000,000 francs, including 27,000,000 for the army.

The glut of money in London is unparalled. The Bank of England has reduced the rate of discount to the lowest point ever known.

In the Italian Parliament on the 10th, Rattazi said the present time is inopportune for granting undisturbed liberty to the Church. It would be granted when the Church granted full liberty to the State.

Prince Arthur has returned to England.

The Queen of Prussia had arrived at Paris.

It is semi-officially announced that the Prussian finances are in an insufficient condition. The Government intends no increase in taxation.

A Turkish dispatch, dated Sippolia, Crete, says nearly all the districts have submitted to our troops, and the insurgents have given up their arms.

The London *Owl* says no intervention by European powers will take place in consequence of the execution of Maximilian.

The latest official accounts from Crete give terrible reports of the cruelties of the Turks. The Cretes severely punished one of Omar Pachas spies. Omar Pachs in retaliation actually crucified a Cretan on a post, and nailed up with stone a cavern in which Greek women and children had taken refuge, and left them to die of starvation. This renegade is repeating the atrocities which made him infamous in Syria and Montenegro, and boasts he will exterminate the Cretans. The Turkish Government declines for the present to yield to the remonstrances of foreign powers, and the Cretans are more heroic than ever. There is probability of the success of Omar Pachs.

BY ALANTIC CABLE.

PARIS, June 20.—The Emperor is still buying large numbers of horses for the army and military works.

The Russian papers mention dissatisfaction at the levity of the sentence imposed on the attempted assassin of the Czar.

LONDON, July 20.—At a review of the royal volunteer force to-day in honor of the Sultan, 12,000 troops were in line.

LONDON, July 21.—It is reported that a Cretan naval squadron of five fire ships has been formed to burn the Turkish fleet.

VIENNA, July 21.—The Reichsrath has adopted a resolution in favor of a political equality and the toleration of every form of religious faith, acknowledging the legality and allowing marriages to be performed by civil magistrates.

PESTH, July 21.—The Hungarian National Guards are to be reorganized.

PARIS, July 23.—A bill abolishing imprisonment for debt has become a law.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 22.—An imperial ukase decrees the re-establishment of the Provincial Assembly.

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The case of W. A. Cornwall, convicted of attempting to obtain money by false pretenses, came before the county court this morning on the motion of Cornwall for a new trial and arrest of judgment. Judge Coon rendered quite a lengthy opinion, overruling the motion. The court postponed the passing of sentence until to-morrow.

The captain of the ship *David Crockett*, reports that on the 8th of April, he discovered in latitude 36° 30', longitude 45° 22', a water-logged ship with nothing but the foremast standing, full poop forward house painted green, tops hanging off the same, bulwarks stove in and all broken amidships, one quarter davit swinging, vessel painted black on the outside. No name could be seen, and the ship appeared to have been floating in the condition she is described, for a considerable length of time.

The body of John Byrnan was picked up in the Bay at 9 o'clock this morning, near the foot of Washington street. He had been employed in the sloop *Lorinda*, running between the city and Stockton, and has been missing since 12 o'clock on Saturday night. He was aged about 40 years, and has a family living on Clay street.

This afternoon, a fire broke out in a frame building on Fremont street, between Folsom and Harrison, west side, and in a few moments the house was burned down, and the rance communicated to and adjoining residence, a two-story frame house, which, despite the efforts of the firemen, who were promptly on the spot, was totally destroyed. Some furniture was saved. A valuable barn in the rear belonging to Mr. Newman was partially destroyed, as were also a large two story frame house and a smaller one on the other side of the house destroyed. The extent of the loss not ascertained. The houses destroyed were occupied, one by Mrs. Carleton, the other belonged to Wyman. The house nearest Folsom street, which was partially saved, was occupied by Mrs. White. A great part of her furniture was got out. The origin of the fire was unknown.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—At about a quarter past two o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the Shamrock saloon, on Market street, adjoining the National Hills, and at the head of Sansome street. The alarm was sounded and the department was soon on the ground. The building is a two story one reaching through from Market to Stevenson. The flames spread with great rapidity from the saloon through Banks & Co.'s carriage shop and livery stable, the first of which was located immediately in the rear in the upper story of the building. Immediately over the Shamrock saloon was the armory of the Irish Battalion, containing the arms and accoutrements of the Montgomery, Shields, Meagher and Wolf Tone Guards. The flames broke through the floor and swept the interior of the armory from one end to the other. The contents were entirely destroyed. The loss of the Montgomery guard will probably reach $1,500—no insurance. The Meagher & Shields Guards estimated loss is from $1,000 to $1,400 each; no insurance. The Wolf Tone Guards had an insurance of $600 on their property, which will in a mea sure cover their loss. This morning all there was left of the armory was the sword blades, rifle barrels, bayonets and a few knapsacks. Banks & Co suffered a severe loss in horses and carriages. Five or six horses were smothered and about a dozen terribly burned and stifled—several of them to such an extent that they will die, so they will have to put an end to their sufferings. Twelve or fifteen buggies were ruined. There was an insurance of $1,000 on the stock, but it will not half cover the loss. The flames from the armory broke through the wall separating it from Messrs Struhle & Hughes, billiard manufactory. Though magnificent tables, some of them completed, others finishing, were greatly damaged by heat, steam and smoke, and somewhat by water. A large quantity of rough material, table tops, mouldings, etc., were destroyed; insurance, $10,000, which will more than cover the loss. By the greatest exertions the firemen were successful in arresting the flames before they reached the shop, so that work was resumed in it this morning as usual.

At six this o'clock this morning some of the occupants of the What Cheer House heard the report of a pistol in one of the rooms, and upon opening the door and entering, a man was found sitting upright in a chair, his head thrown back, blood flowing from his mouth and a revolver lying on his bosom, nuzzle up and the handle in his hand. The man was already dead. He was a German named Reisdgem, aged about 35 years. No cause could be assigned for the act.

At half past nine o'clock last night a fire occurred in the shawl store recently occupied by J. Roberts on Montgomery near Butter street. The store has been occupied for several days by assignees, who were selling off the stock under an attachment. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The damage to goods and building was not very extensive.

Money Market.

Gold in New York at eleven o'clock was 139½@140, sterling, 108¾. Legal tenders are quiet at 74@72½. The demand for drafts for the past week were $24,635,000.

The auction sale of rooms in the new Merchants' Exchange, in California street, took place this morning. The premiums ranged from 100 down to one, according to the size and location of the rooms. The rooms were sold for one year for the last of Aug., and premiums are added to the monthly rent fixed throughout the year. At the close of the sale, several offices undisposed of, were taken without premiums.

Markets.

Flour—Superfine bf sks, $6@6 25; ex sks, $5 25@6 50; extra bf sks, $6 25@6 50.

Wheat—Fair milling, $1 75; choice milling, $1 80.

Barley—Range at $1 25@1 35.

Potatoes, $1@1 20.

Shipping.

Arrived—Ship *David Crockett*, 130 days from New York with merchandize to Goo. Howe & Co.

Sailed—July 21st, bark *Ironsides*, Puget Sound; schooner *Petrel*, Panama July 22d, bark *Oak Hill*, Puget Sound.

THE LAST POLICY.—My Policy, or President Johnson's Policy, is nothing when compared with the Policy KOHN & FISHEL, No. 91 Front Street, have inaugurated. They sell to their customers the best and most durable Clothing without misrepresentation, being confident that every article they sell will turn out as represented. They have a large stock of Beaver and Cassimere Suits on hand to which they challenge any other house to compete with them as regards price and quality.

Buchtel's Photograph Gallery is the only establishment in Oregon that is thoroughly prepared to do *all the different styles* of work in the art. Photographs from card to life size. *The new cabinet cards, &c.*, &c. Small pictures enlarged (retouched in India ink—painted in water-colors or oil by Mrs. S. J. Bunney. Pictures that are fading can be reproduced in this way. All negatives taken in this gallery will be carefully preserved, and additional copies had. I have now on hand a very large collection of negatives, the names of which are recorded alphabetically in a book for that purpose that can be seen in the reception room.

IN MEMORIAM.

FORASMUCH as it hath pleased Almighty God, in His wise providence, to take from this world the soul of our Beloved Chief Pastor—the Rt. Rev. Thomas F. Scott—the Missionary Bishop of this Diocese;

Therefore, We, The Rector, Wardens and Vestrymen of Trinity Parish, Portland, for ourselves and the congregation thereof, while we bow in humble submission to the will of God in this afflicting dispensation, do hereby profess our profound grief and heartfelt sorrow at this sudden and untimely end, and with one voice and one heart bear witness to the noble character and faithful life of our deceased Friend, Brother and Bishop.

In him we possessed a true Spiritual Father, who ever exemplified in a high degree the virtues and graces of the Christian character. He ever manifested a firm and lively faith in the truths of revealed religion and in the position and claims of the Apostolic Church of Christ. He walked before his household and the world as a Christian Gentleman, and with the dignity and simplicity of an Apostle of the Lord.

He never stooped to be a mere man-pleaser—but regardless of human censure or applause, was always a fearless and able defender of God's law and the teachings of His divine word. His standard of practical Christianity was pure and high, and admitted of no compromise with evil; yet in his intercourse with others, he was tolerant, temperate and gentle—always considerate of their opinions and infirmities—and ever exemplified in them those of himself.

And now, in view of the sore trial which the death of the Bishop has brought upon Mrs. Scott, the faithful and beloved companion of his labors and trials in this life, we hereby tender to her our sincere sympathy and affectionate condolence; praying always, that the great Shepherd and Bishop of Souls may comfort her heart in this hour of sorrow and grant her "that peace which the world cannot give."

Resolved, That the Rector of the Parish be hereby requested to write, on behalf of the Vestry and Congregation, a letter of condolence to Mrs. Scott, accompanied with a copy of this Memorial, and that the Secretary furnish a copy of the latter to the press of this city, and the *Pacific Churchman*, for publication.

MATTHEW P. DEADY,
Secretary Trinity Parish.

NEW TO-DAY.

Note Found.

ANY PARTY LOSING A PROMISSORY NOTE, drawn July 22D, 1867, can have it by applying to the OREGON SALT WORKS, and paying charges.

jy24d1t

HOLY ANGELS' COLEEGE!

VANCOUVER, W. T.

THE STUDIES OF THIS FAVORITE INSTITUTION will be resumed on the

15TH OF AUGUST NEXT.

It is expected that all intending to follow the Course will make it a point to present themselves at, or as near to the opening of the Session as possible.

For further particulars, apply by letter or otherwise to REV. P MANS, Prefect,

Or to the Secretary, Mr. J. B. BOULET, to whom all communications regarding finances are, for the future, to be directed. jy24d2w

SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES.

OFFICE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER,
Fort Vancouver, W. T., June 22d, 1867.

ON SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JULY, 1867,

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE

Q. M. Depot, Fort Vancouver, W. T.,

SEVEN (7) GOVERNMENT HORSES

(CONDEMNED.)

Terms of Sale—U. S Gold Coin or its equivalent in U. S. Legal Tender Notes at date of purchase.

HENRY C. HODGES,
Brevet Lt. Colonel and A. Q. M.,
jy23d1d U. S. Army.

OPPOSITION

TO NEW YORK, VIA NICARAGUA!

THROUGH AHEAD OF THE MAIL!

Shortest and Only Healthy Route!

THE NORTH AMERICAN S. S CO. WILL DISPATCH the Fast and Favorite Steamship

MOSES TAYLOR,

J. H. BLETHEN.....Commander,

For San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua,

From Mission St Wharf at 11 o'clock A M.

ON MONDAY, AUGUST 5TH, 1867,

Connecting at Greytown with the Magnificent New Steamship

NEVADA!

3,000 TONS—FOR NEW YORK.

NO EXPENSE ON THE ISTHMUS. 100 LBS. BAGGAGE FREE. An experienced Surgeon on board; Medicine and Attendance Free.

As there is NO YELLOW FEVER NOR OTHER EPIDEMIC in Nicaragua, Passengers by THIS ROUTE will not be detained by QUARANTINE IN NEW YORK.

☞ For further information apply to

I W RAYMOND, Agent,
N W corner Battery and Pine Sts., up stairs,
jy22d2p4d San Francisco.

Rooms to Rent,

BOARDERS WANTED.
NORTH EAST CORNER
jo12dtf SIXTH AND ALDER STS.

Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S NOTICE!

REDUCTION OF FARE!

A RRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN PERFECTED BY THE

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

AND

"PIONEER STAGE CO."

Whereby Passengers can Purchase

THROUGH TICKETS

FROM PORTLAND

TO THE DIFFERENT POINTS IN IDAHO

at the following rates:

FROM PORTLAND TO BOISE CITY	.. ..	$51 50
" " " IDAHO CITY	.. ..	61 50
" " " SILVER CITY	.. ..	61 50

PASSENGERS CAN LAY OVER AT UMATILLA by giving notice to the Agent of the Pioneer Stage Co.

THROUGH TICKETS sold only at the Company's Office in Portland.

RATES OF PASSAGE ON THE RIVER,

Until further notice, will be as follows

FROM PORTLAND TO DALLES	.. ..	$ 0 25
" " " UMATILLA	.. ..	15 00
" " " WALLULA	.. ..	18 00
" " " PALOUSE	.. ..	20 00
" " " LEWISTON	.. ..	25 00
" DALLES TO UMATILLA	.. ..	10 00
" " " WALLULA	.. ..	11 00
" " " PALOUSE	.. ..	15 00
" " " LEWISTON	.. ..	20 00
" UMATILLA TO WALLULA	.. ..	2 50
" " " PALOUSE	.. ..	7 00
" " " LEWISTON	.. ..	12 00
" WALLULA TO PALOUSE	.. ..	6 00
" " " LEWISTON	.. ..	10 00

THE BOATS OF THE O. S. N. CO.

LEAVE

PORTLAND FOR THE DALLES, DAILY,

(Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M.,

Connecting on

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY,

WITH BOAT ON UPPER COLUMBIA

FOR UMATILLA AND WALLULA.

☞ THE FRIDAY BOAT CONNECTS WITH BOAT FOR LEWISTON.

RETURNING:

The Boat will LEAVE LEWISTON EVERY MONDAY MORNING, and WALLULA EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY MORNING, touching at UMATILLA, and arriving at DALLES same day.

Portland, July 15th 1867.

J. C. AINSWORTH,
jy16dtf Pres't O. S. N. Co.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF MARCH, 1867, the Steamer

ALERT

Will leave the Company's dock at the foot of "A" street, Portland, precisely at 7 o'clock every morning

For Oregon City,

Connecting with the Steamer

RELIANCE

on

MONDAY AND THURSDAY

of each week for

SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS,

And intermediate points. And with the

Steamer Union,

ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS,

of each week,

For LAFAYETTE and intermediate points.

Due notice will be given when the Company will dispatch a boat on other days than above.

Further notice is hereby given that no person will be allowed to come on board the company's boats when they arrive in Portland until the passengers have gone ashore.

Feb. 26, 1867. A. A. McCULLY,
dtf Pres't People's Trans. Co.

MUSICAL AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE!

tion and Commission.

B. RICHARDSON,
CTIONEER
or of Front and Oak Streets.

UCTION SALES
ESTATE, GROCERIES GENERAL
CHANDISE AND HORSES.

ys—Wednesday and Saturday.

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

ust Received
CT FROM ENGLAND,
AND FOR SALE BY
B. Richardson,
and Commission Merchant.
ITAGE & WRIGHT'S ANVILS (Ass't sizes.)
Wright's PATENT VICES do
sacks "O" HORSE-SHOE NAILS do
bs OCTAGON and SQUARE CAST STEEL,
A. B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

t Private Sale.
SH REFINED BAR and BUNDLE IRON;
SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
SHOES, FILES, RASPS, SAWS;
S, PITT-PANS, SHEET IRON, R. G. IRON,
ALSO
ge assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS,
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

AND PEREMPTORY SALE
OF
GROCERIES,
ERAL MERCHANDISE
Furniture, Horses, &c.
ESDAY, JULY 25TH, 1867,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
gunnies SHOULDERS;
gunnies MUTTON HAMS;
sacks DRIED CURRANTS;
ALSO,
boxes KNAPP'S CANDLES;
boxes EMERY'S do
ALSO,
sacks OLD GOV. JAVA COFFEE;
sacks CHOICE RIO do
ALSO,
hf-bbls S. I. SUGAR;
hf-bbls CRUSHED SUGAR;
ALSO,
cases SARDINES, half-box;
cases do quarter-box;
ALSO,
TWO HORSES;
ALSO,
Room,
Bed-Room and
Kitchen Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auction ...

rth Annual Statement
OF THE
C INSURANCE COMPANY,
BEING FOR THE
Year from June 30th, 1866, to
June 30th, 1867.

Capital Stock.....$1,000,000 00
in excess of Capi-
available to pay
s and Dividends... 238,054 91

ASSETS.

First Mortgages..... $ 516,856 11
Cash Value of Lands
ired..... 872,200
Value of Buildings
..... 553,100
Mortgaged Premises. $1,426,300
on Premises Insured
204,150
Collateral subject to call..... 265,550 00
Current Interest
Call Loans
New York $100,000 U. S. 6 per
Bonds, 1881..... 80,622 84
Nevada $50,000 Nevada State
cent Bonds..... 50,000 00
Oregon $50,000 U. S. 6 per cent.
Bonds..... 40,000 00
and in Bank—Fire and Marine
miums uncollected—Premiums in
ds of Foreign Agents not yet but
paid—Interest accrued but not
and some due but not paid..... 140,055 84
Federal Stamps on hand..... 1,008 26
& Company's property corner of
ornia and Leidendorff streets... 142,701 67
$1,238,054 91

INCOME.

ums on Fire Risks (less Re-Insu-
and Cancelations)..... $290,351 27
ums on Marine Risks (less Re-In-
ce and Cancellations)..... 150,619 07
om Loans and from Deposits of Se-
ties in other States..... 136,635 10
$577,106 04

DISBURSEMENTS.

Fire Losses paid..... $212,742 02
Marine Losses paid..... 38,822 47
ns to Agents..... 25,106 46
Officers, Attorneys and Employees 38,909 24
Current Taxes..... 10,567 76
Including all other payments..... 52,651 96
Paid Stockholders from earnings of
rest and premiums on business ex-
ly expired..... 196,000 00
$376,799 17

mount of Fire Risks written
ring the year..... $26,011,093
mount of Marine Risks written
ring the year..... 9,679,600

JONATHAN HUNT, President.
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary.
Francisco, July 9, 1867.

LADD & TILTON,
Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.
jy20d&12p

EW ROUTE
N TO MONTANA.
he Oregon and
ANA TRANSPORTATION CO.

HAVE TWO ADDITIONAL STEAMBOATS
CLARK'S FORK completed and running
the MOUTH OF YELLOWSTONE RIVER and
N'S FALLS, by the 1st or 10th of June, for-
ection with the
AMER "MARY MOODY!"
ORRILLE LAKE, thus opening to the public
THE ONLY ROUTE
he Pacific Coast over which
and Passengers can be trans-
ny great distance by water.
boat Landing at Thompson's Falls is distant
om MISSOULA, and by present road (which
ened) 200 miles from HELENA. Passengers
ul, Oregon, to Helena, by this route will have
walnut and 370 miles of land travel.

STAGE LINE
th the O. N. Co.'s Boats at WALLULA,
EN D'OREILLE LAKE, OVER A GOOD
AD, a distance of 170 miles, connecting with
MARY MOODY for CABINET LANDING,
ortage of 7 miles (good road) connects with
CABINET for ROCK ISLAND; thence by
of a mile, connects with the steamer MIS-
VERMILLION RIVER and THOMPSON'S

RATES OF PASSAGE:

m to Pen D'Oreille Lake by stage.$30 00 gold.
at from Pen D'Oreille Lake to
River and Thompson's Falls.... 12 50 "
mill Contract has been awarded and Steamer
be put on from Thompson's Falls to Helena
Flats in Montana.

Rates for Freight:

m to Pen D'Oreille Lake (by teams).. 4c per lb.
Oreille Lake to Vermillion River
pson's Falls (by steamer)..... 3½c " "
ks be shipped through at..... 7c " "
s and Wagons can be secured to take Freight
ding at Thompson's Falls to points in Mon-
nable rates.
ained for Vermillion River or Thompson's
d to the care of H. STEVENS, Agent at
he for forwarding with despatch in accordance
e rates, until further notice.

ROUGH IN 6 OR 7 DAYS!

can be assured of making the trip from
Thompson's Falls with comfort in from 6 to 7
H. A. HOGUE,
ging Agent Oregon & Montana Trans. Co.
ttle City, May 20 1867. 4000d 1m

EDUCTION
IN THE
E OF LUMBER.

D AFTER THIS DATE WILL DELIVER
part of the city
ALK LUMBER at $11 00 per M feet.
ED LUMBER FOR BUILDING, at
et rates.
UGHLY SEASONED FLOOR-
tly on hand.
D LUMBER, 1x12, on hand for sale.
ND TWELVE MONTHS' TIME will be
ired, on all bills of Lumber over $100,
at legal interest.
CARTER, HAYDEN & CO.
ITH'S AND CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
For sale by H. W. CORBETT.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1867.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tenders..... 72@72½
New York Gold Quotations..... 139@140

HARD TIMES A BENEFIT TO THE CITY.—We were conversing yesterday with an intelligent merchant of this city, who has been here a great many years and shared in all the vicissitudes of the city and State. He was speaking of the large stocks of goods, the comparatively small sales and dull times generally, of the many men who had amassed fortunes here in times when trade was lively; of the considerable number of such men who had either gone away or retired from business or who intend to go away as soon as certain things in contemplation can be accomplished. He expressed the opinion that the large stocks on hand would embarrass a good many, that some of the smaller dealers would, of course, be frozen out and that the dreams of quickly amassed fortunes which had their birth in 1862-3-4, would be dissipated before the present hard times should pass over. "But," he continued, "a year or two of hard times will be a benefit to the city." His philosophy was something as follows: While the times were such that a fortune could be made in a few years, there were naturally attracted here, people who had no other interest in the city or the State, than to gather a fortune as quickly as possible, with the intention of leaving the State to enjoy it elsewhere. Our mercantile population had too large a proportion of speculators as compared with the permanent settlers. Business was too unsettled, did not run enough in grooves" was liable to the withdrawal of large amounts of capital whenever just such a time as the present should come. Too little attention was paid to the permanent institutions of the country, too little done in the way of developing the country's resources. Everything gained was sought to be gained through trade. The city was all trade. The present hard times, should it continue for two or three years, as it probably will, will have the effect to freeze out transient dealers, speculators, and those who have no interest here except such as the vulture has in its prey. Those who remain will be permanent citizens, men who expect to rise or fall with the fortunes of the city. Business will become settled upon a basis which can be trusted for steady profits, though not large ones. The great difficulty hitherto encountered in enlisting capital for the improvement of navigation, in doing anything to secure the trade of Idaho, Montana and other interior regions; the further construction of domestic roads, arose from the transient character of our traders. Not intending to stay here, they were unwilling to invest money, the profits of which should go to their successors. There is much more truth than poetry in what our merchant thinks of hard times.

THE FIRST FRUITS.—The first apples and peaches of the season, came by the *Continental* from California and were opened yesterday. The apples sent are the Red Juneo and the Red Astrachans. In quality they are very inferior to those of Oregon growth, as they are in size. Of several kits, we saw none that were not put up most miserably. There were a good many rotten ones among them, while many were evidently merely half-grown windfalls, picked up from the dirt beneath the tree. There was not a nicely packed box among them. Most of the boxes were so large that the apples must of necessity get bruised from sheer weight of the mass. After these specimens of the California mode of putting up fruit for Oregon, there ought to be a general outcry in the Sunset State against the way Oregon does such things. "The Oregon style," forsooth! The California style, if this be a sample, is a specimen of it, can discount the Oregon style by a hundred per cent.

FIRES TO MONTICELLO.—The insane man, John Mitchell, mentioned in Monday's paper, was taken to Monticello on Monday to be placed in the Washington Territory Asylum. Mr. Murphy, who brought him down the Columbia, returned last evening, having succeeded in getting Mitchell into the asylum. He says that he moved all day Sunday till the boat arrived at the mouth of Cowlitz, when he appeared to recover his mind and was perfectly rational till yesterday morning, when he again became as bad as before. During his lucid interval he ate heartily and slept quietly Monday night; conversed freely about his own misfortune and about his family, and thanked his friend for the interest he had taken in him. The physician in charge of the asylum, expressed the opinion that it is extremely doubtful whether the patient can recover. Mr. Murphy speaks of the case as one of the most sad and sickening that he ever met with.

DRAGGED BY A RUNAWAY TEAM.—Mr Cullen, clerk for Baker Bros., met with an accident last evening while driving his team up Front street. One of the singletrees became detached, and striking the horses' heels, the animal plunged forward, causing the tongue to drop from the ring of the neck-yoke, when both horses started to run. Mr. Cullen was drawn suddenly out of the waggon by the reins, to which he clung till the frightened horses dragged him prone on the ground from Morrison to Yamhill street, when he let go the reins. The horses ran up Front street, kicking and plunging, till one of them was thrown down. Both horses received cuts and scratches from kicking the singletrees, and one of them, when found appeared to be seriously hurt. Mr. Cullen escaped almost miraculously, from any injury, further than a few severe bruises on his hands.

A RECENT TEST.—Capt. Metzger says that he experienced a very rough sea on the late trip up. For the first twenty-four hours out from San Francisco, he met a strong northwest wind, and then all the rest of the way, a heavy, rough sea from the southwest. Saturday night, the wind lulled, taking the ship on her beam, but it was compelled to lay to, the ship's head to the sea. As she lost boat ran out over the bar Friday and on Saturday was compelled to lay to, for several hours, during which time she drifted up the coast nearly off Shoalwater Bay. Capt. Metzger says that during all his acquaintance with this coast, he has never experienced such a trip in the summer time. The sea was quite as heavy as during the rough weather of the winter season.

COMMITTED.—The two young men brought up on Monday, from Monticello, charged with robbing the house of David Culley and stealing clothing from O. A. Ladd, had an examination yesterday before Justice Harney Trainer, of East Portland. The proof against them was sufficient to convince the justice that they should be held to answer for larceny in a dwelling house, and they were accordingly bound over in the sum of $500 each. In default of bail, they were committed to the county jail to await the action of the next grand jury. They gave their bail to the Court as Frederick J. Dannenbaum and John Whaland.

AN ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATION.—We have received a communication from Vancouver, in relation to an item in our Tuesday morning's paper under the head, "An Unjust Tax return." The writer signs no name only "Secretary, G. B. B. C." We do not happen to know the Secretary of G. B. B. C., and, of course, cannot know whether the real Secretary wrote the communication. If the writer will furnish us his name, we will take pleasure in publishing his note; otherwise, we will not. We are in the habit of giving much consideration to anonymous communications.

BASE BALL AT SALEM.—The *Record* of yesterday publishes an account of the second game in the match between the Pacific and the Willamette Clubs. The game opened at 9 o'clock on Saturday last, on account of rain, was postponed during the first inning to Monday, when it was completed. At the end of the ninth innings the clubs were exactly even at 44 runs. Another inning was then played by each club, the Pacific winning by five runs to four for the Willamettes. The third and concluding game is to be played on Saturday.

FLOUR AT SAN FRANCISCO.—The *Alta*'s market report of the 17th, says of flour: "There is a good demand for superfine grades mostly, and a fair inquiry for extra baker's, both for local purposes and export. Prices rule quite firm at quotations, and holders generally are asking an advance on quotations for round lots." Oregon flour is quoted, extra, $5 50 and $6 10 in quarter sacks; superfine at $4 and $4 50.

MILITARY.—The friends of Lieut. William Hutton, late of this city, may be pleased to hear from him. We learn from the *Army and Navy Journal*, that on the 16th of June, he was under orders to report for duty to the commanding officer of the 25th U. S. Infantry, at Fort Rice, Dakota. Captain D. W. Porter, late assistant quartermaster of volunteers, has been ordered to New Orleans for duty.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE OPERA SEASON.—The Blanchi Company, advertised to appear here, on or about the 25th, did not arrive by the *Continental*, and consequently their appearance has been postponed. It is expected they will come by the next steamer. Should they do so, they will probably open at Oro Fino Hall about the 3d of August.

ACCIDENTAL FALL.—John Gill, a son of Mr. Lewis Gill, fell from the second story window of a stable at the corner of Fifth and Oak streets, yesterday afternoon, severely bruising his face and spraining his wrist. He was leaning against a closed window when the fastenings gave way and precipitated him to the ground.

ACCIDENTLY BURNED.—A little girl of scarcely more than three or four years of age, daughter of Mr. Carrol, living on the corner of Fourth and Montgomery streets, while playing about a burning stump in the street yesterday, fell into the fire and was so serious burned that it was thought she could not live.

NEWSPAPER FAVORS.—We are indebted to Mr. McCorkle for copies by the steamer, of the *Atlantic Monthly*, *Godey*, and *Leslie's Ladies' Magazine* for August.

Mr. Barrett furnishes us with *Harper's Weekly*, *Leslie's Illustrated Army and Navy Journal*, *New York Herald* and other papers.

VEGETABLES.—It is estimated that at this season of the year, when vegetables are plenty and in full season, the consumption and waste in cities averages two pounds per day to each person. At that rate it requires for daily consumption in Portland, about eight tons.

THE CONTINENTAL'S FREIGHT.—The *Continental* brought up six hundred and twenty tons of freight—general merchandise, to be distributed in about the usual proportion, to Portland, the Willamette valley and the upper Columbia towns.

FROM TILLAMOOK.—The *J. C. Champion* brought from Tillamook, a part cargo of wool, furs, hides and a few half barrels of butter. She is loading at Taylor street wharf with groceries, flour and general merchandise for Tillamook.

INJUNCTION.—The petition for an injunction in the case of Davis vs. H. C. & J. N. Victor, set for hearing before Judge Deady, yesterday, was postponed till Monday next, the parties not being ready to proceed

WASHINGTON PRISONERS.—The *Senator* brought down from Oregon City yesterday, 931 qr sks flour and 100 sacks bakings. The greater part of the flour was for Liberty, in transit at St. Vancouver.

SUPREME COURT.—The day was spent, yesterday, in taking testimony in the case of P. J. McGowan vs. John W. Cook. The case is still pending.

TO SAIL.—The steamship *Continental* will sail for San Francisco Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

THE ORIFFLAMME.—The *Oriflamme* will leave San Francisco for this port on the 27th.

GOING TO SALEM.—Bishop Thompson and Ex-Governor Gibbs, start this morning for Salem, by stage, to attend the commencement exercises of the Willamet University.

TREASURE.—Wells, Fargo & Co. received from the Upper Columbia, by the boat last evening, $20,000 in treasure.

WHAT ATTRACTS THE MOST ATTENTION IN OREGON?—The Elgin' Go to Barman Bros., on corner Front and Morrison streets, for your Custom-made Clothing. (Adver.)

STATE ITEMS.

Senator Williams will address the people of Linn county at Albany on Saturday next.

Gov. Woods started on Monday evening for California. It is understood that he will speak at Areka on the 1st of August.

The *Journal*, of Albany, advocates the policy of making a change in our State Constitution so that the people may vote by ballot

A bridge across Little Butte creek in Jackson county, broke down last week while a drove of cattle were crossing it. Several of the animals were drowned

The debt of Douglas county is $2,894 32. Five thousand dollars of this debt was incurred by the trial of persons engaged in the "Gull room tragedy" last winter.

A Wool-Growers' Convention assembled at Albany a short time ago, which resolved to appoint a Committee to ascertain, by correspondence or telegraph, what price can be had for wool by shipment, and report by publication in the county papers as early as practicable.

The Albany *Journal* publishes the proceedings of the Teachers' Institute, which assembled in that county on the 8th inst. The number in attendance was unusually large. A greater number of the teachers were present than at any previous session. Not only teachers, but friends of education from all parts of the county were present, manifesting much interest.

Company I, 1st Oregon Infantry, says the Jacksonville *Sentinel*, was mustered out of the service of the United States on last Thursday, by Capt. Williams, U. S. A. This was the last company of volunteers in the service. The boys have always conducted themselves well, and have, during their short sojourn in Jacksonville, made a universally favorable impression upon the people of this community.

Says the Jacksonville *Sentinel*: Last week we published an account of the discovery of the putrid corpse of a woman in the house of Charles R. Mulford, near Uniontown. We since learn that the name of the deceased was Mullen, that she was a person of more than ordinary education; was formerly a teacher at the Overbeck Grove, in this county, but for several years past was completely under the control of opium and intoxicating drinks. Mulford, who was brought into town on Friday last, greatly emaciated and partially demented from his habitual use of the same stimulants, died on Sunday evening, the shattered wreck of what once was a refined and educated gentleman. Mulford was at one time in the employment of Eugene, Kelly & Co., of San Francisco, and after wards a clerk for Bruner & Brother, of this place, and a young man of excellent ability and business qualifications.

The Albany *Journal* is severe on those people who, instead of taking fish in a legitimate manner by angling, resort to "poison" for the purpose. It says: It is a remark of every one along the Willamette river, that fish is unusually scarce in that stream. Many one will stand an hour or two in a drug store, and see the demand for "fish-berries," (cocculus indicus) the scarcity of the piscatory tribe can be easily accounted for. Two whole channel is filled with poison! and millions of fish are killed in order that a few dozen may be picked up by those who are willing to eat diseased fish rather than angle for them in a christianlike way. In other States the law has stepped in to prevent such ruthlessness, and it is time that Oregon had some legislation on the subject. A few such enterprising fellows as the one reported to sit at a salt spring and shoot twenty-five or thirty deer per day during the fawn season, alone for their hides, and the fish-berry gang, will soon settle the game question in Oregon. We wonder if the fish-berry anglers visit the mountain lakes for trout?

REV. STEPHEN H. TYNG, of New York, says: "I have had the Grover & Baker Machine for ten or twelve years in my house. I have had it in constant use in my house. I have seen and known every kind of family sewing, both personal and household, accomplished upon the Grover & Baker Machine, of which there has been a portion of the time two in my house at work, to the entire satisfaction of all who are concerned.—Wm. Currier & Co., Agents, Portland, Oregon.

A SPLENDID INSTRUMENT.—We say, yesterday, at J. L. Parrish & Co's something new in the way of an organ —a French instrument called the Organ Harmonium—invented by Alphonse Rodolphe. It is a very considerable modification of the organ as we have them from the American manufactories. It is provided with sixteen stops, each of which excercises a distinct and peculiar effect upon the tone. The bass stops are the Forte, Jeu Doux, (soft, sweet) Basson, Clarion, Bourdon, English Horn; the treble stops are Expression, Tremolo, Scotch Bagpipe, Flute, Clarionette, Elle, Hautbois, Voix Celeste, Forte, and Jeux or Full Expression. The effect of these stops in changing the tone is most surprising. For instance: from the flute to Voix Celeste with Full Expression, the tone changes from what sounds precisely like a soft flute, to the full grand harmony which we would expect from an Angel choir—what the name imports. The Key-Board is movable and can be adjusted to any key, to any instrument, or to the voice of any singer. Other changes are no less surprising. The instruments are of the most perfect workmanship and of the highest finish; have taken the first medals at all the great European Expositions. The prices range from $175, to $360. Persons in want of an instrument should call and see them, for it is impossible to get a correct idea of them, except from personal inspection. J. L. Parrish & Co., are sole agents for the Pacific coast.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF IDAHO—BOISE CITY, I. T.—Organized March 11th, 1867, (with circulation) under Act of Congress, approved June 3d, 1864. Authorized capital $500,000. Paid up capital, $100,000. B. M. Duffell, President. C. W. Moore, Cashier. Collections of Notes and Accounts on the principal places in Idaho Territory promptly attended to. Exchange for Coin or Currency the Bank can be purchased of Ladd & Tilton, Portland, Oregon.

Arrivals at the American Exchange.

TUESDAY, July 23, 1867.

Louis Byrne, J. P. Brainer, Benj. Lichtenthaler, W. B. Norman, Mrs. Dickison, John Bukes, B. A. Hodges, H. Rudd, M. McMahon and child, J. C. Baird, wife and child, Mrs. West, Mrs. Hackney, A. A. Brown, H. A. Siegfried, Jas. Dougherty, D. J. Ingalls, J. D. Crawford, W. H. Carlton, A. S. Leland, Augustus Grayon.

CLOSING EXERCISES

OF THE

PORTLAND ACADEMY AND FEMALE SEMINARY

will take place at the

METHODIST CHURCH, FRIDAY EVE, JULY 26th,

beginning promptly at 8 o'clock.

Tickets to be had at the Book Stores—Price 50 cents Proceeds to be devoted to the purchase of a Piano for the School. Children in arms not admitted.

EXAMINATIONS on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, July 23d, 24th and 25th, beginning at 1:30 P. M. All are invited. jy22dtd

DR. J. P. BRYANT,

THE MOST CELEBRATED HEALING MEDIUM KNOWN IN THE WORLD, will sail from San Francisco for this city the 27th inst.

July 22d, 1867. d1w

MACK & HATCH,

DENTISTS,

The patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS respectfully solicited.

Satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.

N. B.—NITROUS OXIDE administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. Also, the RHIGOLENE SPRAY used for those who prefer it.

OFFICE—Corner of Washington and Front Sts. Entrance on Washington, Portland, Oregon.

jy19dawtf

DR. COOL

Has gone to Victoria and the towns on the Sound, on a professional visit and will return in about six weeks.

my22dtf

A WORD TO THE AGED.—In the decline of life the loss of vital force consequent upon physical decay, can only be safely supplied by some vivifying preparation which recruits the strength and spirits, without enfeebling the exhaustion which is always the final effect of ordinary stimulants. We tender to the aged

DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

As an invigorant and restorative, immediate in its beneficial action and permanent in its effect. It tones the stomach, improves the appetite, acts like a charm upon the spirits. For dyspepsia, oppression after eating, bilious colic, wind colic, spasms of the stomach, sick or nervous head-ache, chills and fever, tremors, prostration and all the complaints special to the feebler sex, the Bitters are earnestly recommended by thousands who have witnessed their superior efficacy in such cases.—Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere

HODGE, CALEF & CO., Agents,
Portland, Oregon.

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL!

For Abolishing Pain.

Cures Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Gout, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Diptheria, Colic, Cramps, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Pains in the Breast, Pleurisy, Sprains, Bruises, Weak, Swollen and Stiff Joints, Contracted Cords and Muscles, Lame Back, and all Aches and Pains.

This magic compound acts speedily and with certainty, and is unquestionably the best remedy in use for the above complaints. It is the best family medicine in the world, and one that it is dangerous to be without

Circulars with full directions accompany each bottle

Don't be put off with substitutes offered by interested parties. Call for and obtain PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL

Price, 50 cents and $1 00 per bottle. For sale by all Dealers in Medicines. A. MCBOYLE & CO.,
Druggists and Chemists,
San Francisco Proprietors.

THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND.

Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer

Possesses virtue which not only removes pain instantly, but regulates the stomach and gives strength, tone and vigor to the system. It is one of the medicines that is worth more than gold.

Don't experiment in testing new remedies, when you can buy the genuine Pain Killer, which everybody know to be good

The Woodstock (C. W.) *Sentinel* says "It is a generally admitted fact, that the medicine manufactured by Messrs Perry Davis & Son has been instrumental in alleviating much pain, and giving relief to millions of suffering humanity. The medical faculty almost everywhere recommend the Pain Killer, and its reputation is now established as the most beneficial family medicine now in use, and may be taken internally and externally to expel pain." Sold by all medicine dealers.

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.

For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS

The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.

Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00. Warm Baths, 50 cents.

CHAS. F. WIRGAND, Proprietor,
Parrish's Brick,
Washington street, near Front,
Portland, Oregon.

se6dtf

ASTHMA.—This disease causes great difficulty of breathing, and tightness across the chest, and sometimes attended with a great deal of suffocation. The paroxysm generally comes on at night, while lying down, sometimes it is attended with great violence. Allen's Lung Balsam will always give immediate relief, and in many cases, if persevered in, it will cure the disease altogether. For sale by REDINGTON & CO., San Francisco.

For Sale—To Let—Wants.

Bakery and Grocery,

IN UMATILLA, OREGON,

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

I HAVE THE INTENTION TO GO EAST, AND will therefore sell FOR CASH my well renowned

STAR BAKERY AND GROCERY,

Together with House, Lot, Stock on hand, Fixtures and Utensils, at a reasonable price. Situated on corner of Front and G streets, pretty near opposite the Steamboat Landing. It is the most desirable place to do a large and paying business. Being the only Bakery in town, this branch will yield a handsome income to the owner. The House is large, two stories high, and substantial, and affords ample room for any kind of business besides the Bakery.

Any one who wants to engage in a profitable and safe business, will find this a rare chance.

For particulars, enquire either personally or by letter to the Proprietor. A. KATTENHORN.

Jy17-dtf

RANCH FOR SALE OR RENT.

ON ACCOUNT OF MY INTENTION TO GO EAST, I will sell my Ranch on the Umatilla river, half a mile from the town of Umatilla, containing 80 acres; twenty acres of which is bottom land under fence and cultivation, lying very suitable for raising vegetables, for which an easy market is always to be found in Umatilla, and is also suitable for a Dairy. There is also on it, about 150 young fruit trees; some grape vines, straw berries and other small fruits, planted last spring. A new windmill pump for irrigating, dwelling, outhouses and fences all new and in the best order. Also Farming Implements and a stock of two hundred chickens. If not sold soon, I would as well rent it out to a good and responsible tenant. For particulars apply at the Star Bakery, Umatilla, Oregon. A. KATTENHORN.

Jy17-dtf

For Sale.

12 TO 15 COMPLETE BEDS, WITH BEDSTEADS, by A. KATTENHORN,
Jy17-dtf at Umatilla, Oregon.

For Rent.

THE ROOM OVER RANDALL'S MUSIC STORE, Corner of First and Alder streets. Enquire of
Jy19dtf E. G. RANDALL.

For Sale or Rent.

THE SHOP, MACHINERY & TOOLS,

KNOWN AS THE

DELSCHNEIDER FOUNDRY

On the corner of First and Oak Streets.

ALSO, A SMALL DWELLING HOUSE.

For terms and other information, apply to
MRS. DELIA DELSCHNEIDER.

Portland, July 16th, 1867. dtf

Farms for Sale.

A FARM OF 240 ACRES, WITHIN TWO MILES of Oregon City, for sale at a very reasonable price. ALSO, A FARM OF 320 ACRES, thirteen miles from Portland, on the Boon's Ferry road.

Apply at the Washington Hotel, corner of Second and Alder streets, Portland, Oregon.

April 18th, 1867. dtf J. KOENIG.

Farm For Sale.

320 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LAND SITuated five miles east of this city, in a good neighborhood. Will be sold low for cash. Enquire at this office jan30tf

REDDING'S

RUSSIA SALVE!

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

Price 25 Cents per Box.

In the Universal Remedy for

BURNS, SCALDS, CUTS, BRUISES, and all FLESH WOUNDS; for CHILBLAINS, CHAPPED HANDS, PILES and OLD SCROFULOUS SORES; ERUPTIONS, BLOTCHES, SALT RHEUM, and all CUTANEOU DISEASES.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE is a *purely Vegetable Ointment*, made from the very best materials, and compounded in itself greater healing powers than any other preparation before the public. Its timely application has been the means of saving thousands of valuable lives, of relieving a vast amount of suffering, and wherever used has proved itself in reality A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY.

SIXTY YEARS' GENERAL USE OF THE RUSSIA SALVE IS A NOBLE GUARANTEE OF ITS INCOMPARABLE VIRTUES AS A HEALING OINTMENT.

The very large sale of REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE, during the past *sixty years*, has given rise to hundreds of unworthy imitations, but the only test of all opposition, the RUSSIA SALVE maintains its supremacy as a *reliable* preparation, having a steady and permanent sale, and never deteriorating in quality, by age or climate, and is sold to dealers at a price enabling them to realize a generous profit by its sale

For sale by all Druggists and Apothecaries.

REDDING & CO., Proprietors,
my22dWs8m BOSTON, MASS.

HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

COAL OIL LAMPS

AND LAMP STOCK,

ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING

OILS,

WOOD & WILLOW WARE,

&c., &c., &c.,

No. 36 Front St., Portland,

And 414 Front Street,

SAN FRANCISCO

10,000 GALLONS DEVOE'S AND OTHER Coal Oils, at lowest market rates. For sale by HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.

1,000 GALS. PURE LARD OIL, for sale in lots to suit by HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS, assorted sizes. For sale by HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.

WHITE LEAD, ATLANTIC AND JEWETT'S For sale by HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.

MACHINE OIL, NEATS FOOT OIL, POLAR OIL, Pearson Oil, China Nut Oil, Sperm Oil, Alcohol, Turpentine. Also, Boiled and Raw Linseed Oils, Putty, &c., for sale in lots to suit by HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.,
my25dawdlp6t No. 36 Front Street, Portland

NOTICE TO SCRIP OWNERS.

THE FOLLOWING NAMED PERSONS ARE ENTItled to pay from the Government for Scrip, which can be collected in the name of the original owner, or if transferred, in the name of present holder, by applying to

C. M. CARTER, U. S. CLAIM AGENT,
PORTLAND, OREGON

He collects every variety of claim on the United States, suspended or otherwise

Allen, S.	Gibson, Jas	Moffatt, Wm F
Allison, Chas.	Hembree, Joel J.	Matteson, Benj
Blount, Reuben	Hagey, Peter H	Oakley, Sam'l J.
Brown, Chas	Hensley, J. L.	Post, J. H.
Butler, Geo.	Huber, Thos	Price, Geo.
Buffington, Jno	Hunt, J. R	Purcel, Thos.
Burk Wm A	Hayes, Andrew A	Price, Jno
Babbin, Benj'l J.	Hathorn, Dennis	Powers, David
Brazee F M	Henshaw, W. C	Peace, G. A
Bischel, Henry	Hamill, Jas.	Phillips, Geo W
Clearer, Benj	Hite, Wm.	Roberts, Wm.
Campbell, Jno	Haywood & Ford	Rogers, B. B
Copenhaver, Michael	Hultman, Henry	Rogers, Geo
Cline, Wm M	Johnson, M.	Richardson, L. C.
Cummins, A. S.	Jackson, John	Riggs, T. J
Clemens, Wm	Jackson, J. W	Sanderson, John
DuRell, B. M.	Johnson, Neal	Smith, Silas R.
Dillon, Jeremiah	Kellogg, Orrin	Sutton, John H
Day, Theodore	Kinney, R C	Spencer, O
Delchmuate, J. R.	Kearney, Jas.	Shockley, Jacob
Emmerson, P. N.	Kellogg, Joseph	Shaw, John M
Fowler, Simeon	Loyd, A. G	Tennier, Geo.
Fowler, Christian	Lamante, Chas.	Townsend, Wm A
Friebe, H	Leurany, L L	Trullinger, Jno C
Foster, D. H.	Murray, David	Thornbury, Jno W
Furman, Jno	Mounts, T. J.	White, E. M
Gibbons, Joseph	Mitchel, Jas.	Williams, Richard
Gougard, Oscar	Martin, F B.	Williams, L.
Githers, H. C	Miller, O C	Willoughby, Henry

jy19d2w 30:4t

CHAS. HODGE ..... CHAS E CALEF. ..... GEO W SNELL.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs and Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOW GLASS,

VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PAINTERS' MATERIALS

And Druggists' Sundries,

97 Front Street,

nov1d3pit Portland, Oregon.

HURGREN & SHINDLER

CORNER OF

First and Salmon Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE AND BEDDING,

HAIR, PULU, MOSS,

Upholsterers' and Cabinet Makers' Goods.

jy3d3pit

Miscellaneous.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,

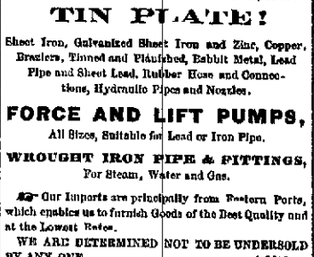
IMPORTERS OF

FARM

IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINES,

Nos. 98 and 100 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON,



OFFER FOR SALE: ESTERLY'S REAPERS AND Mowers,
NEW YORK REAPERS & MOWERS, hand and self-taking, 5½ to 6 feet cut;
NEW YORK REAPERS (California Giant) 7½ feet cut;
BURT'S EAGLE REAPERS & MOWERS, 6 feet cut, double and single gear;
McCORMICK'S REAPERS & MOWERS, 2 and 4 horse, hand and self-rakings;
DODGE'S IMPROVED REAPERS & MOWERS ("Ohio" and "Buckeye" patents combined) 5 to 6 ft, hand & self-raking;
BADGER STATE REAPERS & MOWERS, 5 feet cut;
WOOD'S PRIZE REAPERS & MOWERS, 5 ft cut, cheap;
KIRBY'S REAPERS & MOWERS, 5 feet cut;
HAINES' ILLINOIS REAPERS—genuine;
UNION MOWERS—The King of the Meadow!—2 sizes;
DODGE'S IMPROVED MOWERS ("Ohio" & "Buckeye" patents);
McCORMICK'S IMPROVED 2-WHEELED MOWERS—strong and reliable;
WOOD'S PRIZE MOWERS, jointed finger bar;
Pitt's Improved "Challenge" Thresher, 4 to 10 horse power;
Ball's "Tornado" Thresher, Ohio made;
Wheeler, Melick & Co.'s Endless Chain Threshers, 2 sizes;
Horse Powers—Pitt's Improved Double Pinion, & Endless Chain—all sizes;
"Bailey," "Tiverton" and "Wirp" Horse Hay Rake;
Hay Forkers, Horse Hay Forks, Bailing Rope;
Scythes, Snaths, Rakes, Cradles, Forks;
Gang Plows, Grain Drills, Fan Mills;
Grain Mills, Churns, Cider Mills, Wheel Barrows;
Plows, Cultivators, Horse Hoes, Road Scrapers;
Portable Grist Mills, Mill Stones, Bolting Cloth, &c.;
Rubber and Leather Belting—all widths;
Carriages, Buggies, Spring Drays—together with a full line of Agricultural Machinery.

Send for our New Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue, just issued. Samples of machines can be seen at our store.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,
Agricultural and Seed Warehouse,
jc3d&w2m2p Portland, Portland.

E. MILWAIN. C. JOYNT

MILWAIN & JOYNT,

93 Front Street.....96 First Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Importers of Metals,

PRICES REDUCED!

TO SUIT DULL TIMES!

STOVES,

FURNACES & RANGES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THE MOST APproved patterns of Cooking and Heating, consisting of—

Buck, Extension and Square Top;
Golden Gate, Western Empire,
Henry Clay, Great Republic,
Hearthstone, Black Knight,
Guardian, Etc., Etc.

TIN PLATE!

Sheet Iron, Galvanized Sheet Iron and Zinc, Copper, Brasiers, Tinned and Planished, Babbit Metal, Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Rubber Hose and Connections, Hydraulic Pipes and

Green Things Growing.

AUTHOR OF "JOHN HALIFAX GENTLEMAN"

I

Oh the green things growing, the green things growing!
The faint sweet smell of the green things growing!
I will not live with the world grieving
Or with the happy life of the green things growing

II

Oh the flattering and pattering of the green things growing
Talking a little each when no man is knowing;
I know I will hit the weird mood that,
On the gray dreamy dawn when the cocks are crowing

III

I love to hear them so, the green things growing,
And I think that they love me without false showing;
For by many a tender touch they comfort me so much
With the mute mute comfort of green things growing

IV

And in the full wealth of their blossoms blowing
Ten to one I take they too on me breathe owing
Ah I ah until like to see, if God will it might be
Many many a summer of my green things growing

V

But if I must be gathered for the angels sowing—
Steep me of sight awhile—like the green things growing,
Though earth to earth return I think I shall not mourn,
If I may change into green things growing

Nettles from Dean Swift.

If a man will observe as he walks the streets, I believe he will observe the merriest faces in the morning coaches.

The reason so few marriages are happy, is because young ladies spend so much time in making nets, not in making cages

We have just enough religion to make us hate, but not enough to make us love one another.

The power of fortune is confessed only by the miserable, for the happy impute all their success to prudence and merit

Ambition often puts men upon doing the meanest offices, so climbing is performed in the same posture with creeping.

Small causes are sufficient to make a man uneasy, when great ones are not in the way; for want of a block, he will stumble at a straw

Love of flattery, in most men, proceeds from the mean opinion they have of themselves, in women from the contrary,

Apollo was held the god of physic and sender of diseases Both were originally the same trade, and still continue

If a man makes me keep my distance, the comfort is, he keeps his at the same time

Men are content to be laughed at for their wit, but not for their folly

A man would have but few spectators if he should offer to show for three pence how he could thrust a red poker into a barrel of gunpowder without causing an explosion.

How is it possible to expect that mankind will take advice, when they will not so much as take warning?

The chameleon, who is said to feed upon nothing but air, has of all animals the most nimble tongue.

I have known some men who were possessed of good qualities which were very serviceable to others, but useless to themselves; like a sun dial in the front of a house, to inform the neighbors and passengers, but not the owner within.

It is a miserable thing to live in suspense, it is the life of a spider

AMERICAN BREECH LOADING RIFLES.—The following are the results of the trials of various breech loading rifles of American invention, by a foreign military commission appointed to examine them

The Roberts' breech loader fired eighty four balls in six minutes, an average of fourteen in one minute, each striking inside the target and penetrating fifteen one-inch boards which were laid side by side.

The Sharpe rifle fired one hundred balls in less than seven minutes—more than fourteen per minute—and penetrated the thirteenth board.

The Millbank rim gun fired ninety-nine balls in six minutes and a half, over fifteen per minute—and penetrated the eleventh board

The Lamson gun fired twelve balls per minute

Ball's carbine threw seventy-five balls in nine minutes and a half.

The Remington breech loader fired one hundred balls in six minutes and fifty-three seconds, and penetrated the eleventh board.

The Prussian needle-gun was tested in the same way as the others, and threw an average of six to seven balls per minute, and penetrated the eleventh board.

It will be noted that the action of the latter, which has acquired great notoriety since the late contest between Prussia and Austria, was inferior to most of the guns at this trial, and further, that a number of the best American breech loaders were not included in that test.

NO MORE CHEAP COTTON.—Cheap cottons will [illegible] never be known again in this country [illegible] slavery, the negro women of the [illegible] constituted fully one-half of the field for [illegible] labor of cotton culture Even last [illegible] viewed in the field to a considerable [illegible] Southern cot[illegible]pondent writes that [illegible] years they have grown entirely without [illegible] They do less than one-fifth the work [illegible] work out, but are [illegible] and by their men that it ought to be so, and that they [illegible] blacks will not submit any more to cutting work' We have no doubt they will adhere to this determination So the cotton planters must give up all hopes of seeing them again in the field. The increase of wages in the South—may, and probably will be in some measure compensated for in extending the cultivation of cotton to new fields of operations In California much interest is felt in the attempts making there to cultivate this great staple on a large scale; and it is believed a considerable breadth of land will be devoted to it this year The appreciation in the price since the prostration of Southern industry, and the establishment of cotton mills nearer to the seat of consumption of manufactures, have created inducements to grow the material, not previously existing While this will tend somewhat to cheapen the product of cotton, there is little probability of ever seeing before-the-war prices current here—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Persons who think that the careful preparation of the language of a speech despoils it of its right to be considered really eloquent, either forgot or have never known that the Grecian and Roman orators, who have ever been considered the greatest models of eloquence, always wrote out their speeches and committed them to memory. Demosthenes and Cicero both did so. Indeed, the most eloquent speech of the great Roman was written out ready, but was never delivered. In English Senatorial history we have a still more remarkable example of the paradox of the most eloquent speaker preparing carefully the points and illustrations with which his speeches were, apparently on the impulse of the moment, adorned Richard Brinsley Sheridan was sarcastically taunted with being "the right honorable gentleman who is indebted to his imagination for his facts, and to his memory for his wit," which simply meant that the pungent sarcasm which he seemed to throw off spontaneously in the heat and excitement of debate had been generally thought over and modeled before, and kept in his memory ready for use when any good opportunity presented itself This may have been carrying preparation too far But the examples of ancient orators of the greatest eminence all go to prove that the title of orator must not by any means be limited to those who depend for their language upon the impulse of the moment

GREEK AND TURKISH BATTLE.—The following is from the Athens correspondence of the London *Times*

The late insurrection does not appear likely to bring the Eastern question before the Cabinets of Europe in spite of the Hellenic patriots No coaxing can persuade it to venture beyond two hours' ride from the Greek frontier One of those brilliant victories has been won which is announced as rivaling the glories of Marathon Seventy five Greeks put to flight two thousand five hundred Turks and burned a (Turkish) village before their eyes The battle was fought in the plain within musket shot of the Greek frontier, and lasted three hours Seventy five heroes routed twenty five hundred cowards supported by cavalry and artillery They fired away all their ammunition, drew their swords, swore to sup in in Hades killed 100 Turks put the rest—infantry, cavalry and artillery—to flight, and then marched off to Vrysina which is probably a station on the road to Hades. A letter from Turpi, dated the 16th of April, records this act of heroism and concludes with these words 'Don't believe this is exaggeration, it is naked truth I saw it with my own eyes while I was standing on the hill near the frontier line overlooking the field of battle'

NAVIGATION OF THE AMAZON.—From the Amazons we learn that three Peruvian steamers had successfully ascended the Ucayali, Pachitea and Paicasa to Mato, in Peru, 1227 miles from the embouchure of the Ucayali in the Amazons, thus demonstrating the practicability of direct commerce between the Atlantic and the interior of Peru, 3 500 miles off The cannibal Indians of the river banks were, however, troublesome, and in an engagement with them twenty five of them were slain

CAUSE AND EFFECT—BISMARCK, LOUIS NAPOLEON AND THE PRINCE OF STAVES.—We take the following from the West Virginia correspondence of the N Y *Herald*

Speaking of wine, says an intelligent mountaineer, as we were crossing the Alleghanies, do you know that when the report of an inevitable rupture between France and Prussia came along over the wires there was a panic among the woodmen of these mountains, from Cumberland to Grafton, and that the price of staves and all sorts of coopers stuff went down?

No, sir nor can I understand why such a panic should follow such news The manufacture of flour barrels one would naturally suppose, would be brisk with the approach of the wheat harvest whatever might be the quarrels of Bismarck and Napoleon, and, doubtless, all the coopers stuff from these mountains goes down to Baltimore and Georgetown to be worked up into flour barrels."

You are mistaken, sir The thousands of woodmen all along the line of the railroad over these mountains engaged in working up the hardy white oaks of these mountains into staves, are working for the European market The wines of France and Spain are now put into casks made from these white oak staves—the very wood they want. They are shipped over in the rough, and the casks are made near the vineyards You will now understand why a few sharp words between Bismarck and Napoleon should cause many of these woodmen to leave their work to inquire for the New York *Herald* and discuss the Luxemburg question, and why, with the news of Queen Victoria's mediation the price of white oak staves in the heart of the Alleghanies of West Virginia went suddenly up again"

OLD FOLKS.—The entire number of persons who, according to the census have attained the great age of 100 years and upward, is probably larger than most of our readers would guess It is just 1,200 Of these, there are White, 404, black, 608; mulatto, 48; Indians, 20 Women attain high longevity in greater numbers than men, and black people more than white There are white males, 184, females, 256, black, males, 296 females, 304 The proportions are about the same in the different years above a hundred as in the aggregate The oldest persons are white women in South Carolina, and an Indian woman in California, aged 104 The oldest blacks, two males and three females, are 130 years From these advanced years down to 100, there are persons in every successive year At 110 there are 29 white, and 119 black, at 120 there are 2 white, and 31 black. In proportion to numbers, twelve times as many blacks as whites exceed 100 years of age. By the best calculation made, it is ascertained that the average duration of human life is greater in the United States than in any other nation.

GENERAL GRANT.—The Cincinnati *Gazette* says

It is well known by those who have conversed with General Grant, that he has no sympathy with the Democratic party, and if it happens that he is a candidate for the Presidency, he will run *as a Republican* General Grant has not seen fit to express publicly his political views, but it is well known he does not try to conceal from those who converse with him, that his sympathies are decidedly with the Republican party, and further more, it will probably be found that he is quite as efficient in sustaining the principles of the party as those who assail him.

Gen Grant may or may not be a candidate for the Presidency, but it is due to him, and it is but just to say, that he is a Republican, and would indignantly decline a nomination from any other party

FREE SPEECH.—ORDER FROM GENERAL POPE —The following is the substance of a general order just issued by General Pope

1. The interference of the Post commander at Mobile with a newspaper published there is entirely disapproved, and his action is reversed

2 He declares that it is the duty of the military authorities to secure the utmost freedom of speech and of the press consistent with law.

3 Orders that no officer or soldier in his command is to interfere with newspapers or speakers on any pretext. If disturbance is feared, precautions will be taken as prescribed in General Order No 25.

4 Treasonable utterances are not the legitimate exercise of freedom of discussion, but even in such cases no action is to be taken but by direct orders from these headquarters.

The Marion (Ohio) *Independent* says that thirteen human skeletons, of an extinct race, were found in an excavation for a cellar in that place, lately, and expresses the opinion that the hill upon which the excavation was made is full of similar remains A singular thing about the skeletons found was that the arms had all been broken between the elbow and shoulder, and the thigh bones had been broken. Two of the skeletons were of females, the rest of males. The females when living must have been taller than the average of men of the present day The males must have been seven or eight feet high.

A little Union girl, whose father had just returned from the war with an honorable discharge, went to visit a relative in a distant county, accompanied by a lady. Arriving late in the evening at Uncle B's, our little patriot being much fatigued, proposed to retire, and solicited her companion to go with her "Oh, no," responded she, "I must sit until B has prayers" "Pray," said our little friend, "does B pray? Why, I thought he was a Democrat?"

An extraordinary piece of news is current in Paris, to the effect that a high military officer is under arrest, accused of treasonable practices, and in particular of having betrayed to the Prussians the French plan of a campaign in case of war.

It is said that Jeff Davis has accepted an invitation from the proprietor of the White Sulphur Springs, in Catawba, North Carolina, to visit that place on his return from Canada, and he will be there with his family in July or August.

The Mobile *Advertiser* reads Governor Patton out of the Democratic party, saying he "is as dead to his old friends as a door nail" Governor P attended the recent Alabama State Convention and made a speech.

The first new wheat in New York came from Georgia, and sold for four dollars a bushel. This was a fancy price—the lot being only about thirty bushels—just as one pays several dollars for the first shad.

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

Subscriptions to the DAILY and WEEKLY OREGONIAN may be remitted direct to the office by letter, or paid to the following agents

General Traveling Agent	P W GILLETTE
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M S Drew	Tecknlet
H Cochran	Vancouver
H E Johnson and H Parker	Walla Walla

Terms Cash. All papers discontinued at expiration of subscription.

The First Progressive Spiritual Society of Portland, Oregon, holds regular meetings at Oro Fino Hall every Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M

Portland, June 19th, 1867 d3ptf

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7½ o'clock on Saturday evenings each week All members in good standing are invited to attend By order of W C T

Crystal Lodge No 19, I O G. T.—Meets on Tuesday evening of each week at 8 o'clock All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend By order of the au17 W C T

Portland Lodge No. 30, I. O G T. Meets on Wednesday evening of each week at 7½ o'clock All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend By order of the jy1 W C T

Pacific Degree Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T.—Holds regular meetings in Good Templars Hall corner Alder and Front streets the First and Third Mondays in the month Degree members in good standing are invited to attend nov3dtf

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M.—Meets on 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, at 7 o clock, P M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend By order of W M

Willamette Lodge No. 3, F. & A. M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month at 7 o clock P M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend ap17tf By order of W M

Portland R. A. C. No. 1.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No 16 North Front street By order of M E H P

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o clock, in Stark's building, third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend By order of N G Jan 7, 1867 d tf

Samaritan Lodge No. 3, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening, at 7½ o'clock in Stark s building, third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend sul By order of N G

☞ The Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the Lost Appetite is

FRESE'S HAMBURG TEA

It is the best preservative against any sickness, if used timely Composed of herbs only it may be safely given to infants Full directions in English, French, Spanish and German with every package TRY IT!

For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries EMIL FRESE, Wholesale Druggist, Sole Agent, 410 Clay Street, San Francisco

jy6dcomwly

THE PEOPLE have been so much imposed upon by several worthless Sarsaparillas, that we are glad to be able to recommend a preparation which can be depended on as containing the virtues of that invaluable medicine and is worthy of the public confidence **Dr. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA** cures when anything can cure the diseases that require an alterative medicine

E. M. BURTON,

(*SUCCESSOR TO J L PARRISH & CO*)

IMPORTER

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS,

LAW, MEDICAL AND

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

AND

Printers' Inks, Cards and Papers.

A FULL AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF

STATIONERY

always on hand

NEW GOODS ARRIVING BY EVERY STEAMER FROM NEW YORK AND ENGLAND,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE STATE OF

LEROY W. FAIRCHILD & CO'S

CELEBRATED GOLD PENS.

Every Pen sold warranted well made and perfect.

DIRECT IMPORTER OF

GEORGE WOSTENHOLM & SON'S

CELEBRATED I. X. L. CUTLERY.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE STATE FOR W W HARDING'S Very Superior "Chain Back"

Photograph Albums,

Which for BEAUTY and DURABILITY are not equalled by any other manufactured

PROPRIETOR OF THOSE JUSTLY CELEBRATED "Spencerian"

Letter, Note, Legal Cap and Foolscap PAPERS.

These papers are a New Brand, which I have manufactured expressly for my trade, and are far superior to any article heretofore offered to the public.

DIRECT IMPORTER OF P & J ARNOLD'S CELEBRATED

WRITING FLUID AND COPYING INK.

Persons purchasing from us can at all times rely upon getting the GENUINE ARTICLE.

AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

THADDEUS DAVID'S

UNRIVALED WRITING FLUID, CARMINE AND BLACK INKS,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE STATE FOR

Appleton's AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA, and Appleton's ANNUAL CYCLOPEDIA.

MY STOCK OF

BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY

Is better selected and more complete than that of any other house on the Pacific Coast

My facilities for purchasing Goods are unsurpassed and enables me to give better terms to my customers than they can possibly get from other dealers

AGENT FOR THE

"FLORENCE REVERSIBLE FEED"

Sewing Machines.

These Machines make four different stitches on one and the same machine, are very simply constructed, and NEVER GET OUT OF ORDER

☞ Every Machine Warranted for Ten Years

E M BURTON,
Jy22dtf&p Front street Portland.

ROBERT H. LAW,

IMPORTER OF

HARD WOOD LUMBER,

COACH, CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIALS,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

HAS NOW ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE THE FINEST STOCK ever imported to this Coast, being selected under his personal supervision he can warrant it to be of the best, and would call the attention of DEALERS and WAGON MAKERS to his assortment of

EASTERN

OAK, ASH AND HICKORY PLANK,

WHITE WOOD,

HUBS,
SPOKES,
FELLOES
AXLES,
POLES,
BENT RIMS,

Shafts, Bows, Singletrees,
Plow Beams and Handles,
&c &c

☞ Orders for the above also for BOXES, THIMBLES SKEINS IRON and STEEL promptly filled

ROBERT H. LAW,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

PORTLAND OREGON

☞ Consignments solicited ap29dtf&pMaTh

Union Market

South West Corner of Washington and Second Streets,

MANN, SCLOTH & CO., Proprietors.

WILL ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND the Best of *MEATS OF ALL VARIETIES*, and other articles in their line WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

A liberal Share of Patronage is solicited as we expect to keep as good an assortment and of as good quality as the country affords, and will deliver the same to purchasers in all parts of the city

☞ Kasser Meat constantly on hand.

Portland, Sept. 6th, 1866. dtf

Hotels and Restaurants.

Oswego House!

OSWEGO OREGON

JOHN SCHADT Proprietor

IS NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE AND ENTERTAIN all who may favor him with their patronage THE HOUSE is New and the Rooms are Newly and Neatly Furnished

THE TABLE will be supplied with all the Delicacies of the Season

The House is situated near the Steam or Landing

The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call and would respectfully solicit the patronage of the Traveling Public

Board per Week $5 00
Board and Lodging 6 00
Single Meals 50

jy1dtm

Western Hotel,

PORTLAND OREGON,

Corner of Morrison and First streets.

The best and most comfortable Hotel in the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied

WARM AND COLD BATHS ATTACHED TO THE HOUSE

This Hotel is located near the Steamship Landing The

HOTEL COACH

Will be in attendance at all the Landings to convey

PASSENGERS AND BAGGAGE

To and from the House FREE OF CHARGE

SAMUEL D SMITH,
fe23dtf Proprietor

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!

(*LATE LINCOLN HOUSE*)

Corner Washington and Front Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON

L. P. W. QUIMBY,

HAVING taken the above House wishes to announce to the public that he is now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietor to do, to render guests comfortable

Baggage taken to and from the House FREE of charge Portland Feb 2, 1867 dtf

WHAT-CHEER HOUSE,

Nos. 130, 138, and 138, Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON

Reduced Rates!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN THIS well known House, solicit increased patronage from the traveling public

The House has lately been refitted and they are now able to offer additional inducements to their patrons

The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, and is under the immediate supervision of the proprietors. Rooms well furnished and well ventilated. A large fire-proof safe for the deposit of valuables Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge.

BOARD, per week, ... $5 00
BOARD and LODGING, per week, ... $6 to 8 00

Nothing will be left undone which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable

feb1dtf LYONS, LEONARD & CO

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The best and most comfortable Hotel in the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied

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feb1dtf LYONS, LEONARD & CO

New Columbian,

118, 120 and 122 Front St., cor. Morrison,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

GOOD NEWS!

THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been elegantly finished, and being now ready for the reception of Guests, the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, at PRICES TO SUIT The NEW COLUMBIAN is an entirely new house, hard finished, rooms well ventilated and well furnished, and has capacity to accommodate (with comfort to the guests) six hundred people.

The DINING ROOM is large and commodious and the Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, permitting no house to excel it either in quality or variety in the suite of rooms with connecting doors, for families A large fire-proof Safe for the deposit of valuables

A Carriage and Baggage Wagon will be in attendance to convey passengers and baggage FREE OF CHARGE.

House open all night

Board, per week, 30; Board and Lodging, $7 to $10.

The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to please his guests, and respectfully and earnestly solicits the patronage of the citizens of Portland and the travelling public.

oct3dtf P. B. SINNOTT, Proprietor.

Mansion House,

No. 143 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

E. CARNEY, PROPRIETOR.

THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests, after being thoroughly renovated and nicely furnished

☞ HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT ☜

A FIRE PROOF SAFE FOR THE SECURITY OF VALUABLES

TERMS:

Board and Lodging, per week, ... $5 00
Board and Lodging, per day, ... 1 00
Single Meals, ... 25
Lodgings, ... 25

The MANSION HOUSE BAGGAGE WAGON will always be at the wharf to take baggage FREE of charge jan10dtf

GLOBE HOTEL,

Corner of North Front and C Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Portland and the traveling community, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, in a manner and at prices to suit the times

"THE GLOBE" is a NEW HOUSE, just finished; the rooms are large, well ventilated and slightly furnished with carpets, &c., &c The table will always be supplied with the very best the market affords,

It will be the constant and earnest endeavor of the proprietor to so conduct the "GLOBE HOTEL" as to give entire satisfaction to his guests; he would therefore respectfully solicit the patronage of the public

my8 1m PHILIP SCHAD,

Albert M. Snyder,

GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENT,

96 Front Street, East Side.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Patents for Inventions

Business with the United States Patent Office, such as filing Caveats, and procuring Letters Patent, will be prosecuted with strict care and attention All business of this character will be strictly confidential

General Land Office—Patents for Lands.

Will attend to procuring Patents for United States Lands, located by Land Warrants or purchased with cash All business connected with the General Land Office, such as collecting money for lands erroneously entered with cash; or return of the Land Warrants erroneously located; the settlement of cases under the Pre emption Laws, and examining titles will receive prompt attention

Bounty Land Warrants.

Will procure Bounty Land Warrants (160 acres) for each of the surviving Officers, Chaplains, Soldiers, Seamen, Marines, Clerks, and Landsmen in the Navy—Wagon Masters and Teamsters, who served in any of the wars in which the United States has been engaged since 1790 to 1851 In case of the death of any of the above, the widow or minor children are entitled

Bounty and Arrears of Pay.

Will procure arrears of Pay due Officers, and Bounty and arrears of Pay due Soldiers, Seamen and Marines If any of the above have died, the amount due is payable to the Widow, Children Father and Mother, and Brother and Sister, in their turn

Pensions.

Will procure Pensions for Officers of the Army and Navy, Soldiers, Seamen and Marines, who have been disabled by wounds received, or who contracted a disease while in the line of duty; and if any of the above were killed in battle or have died from said causes the following are entitled to them in their order, viz: Widow Children (under 16 years of age) Father and Mother and Sisters, if dependent upon their deceased son or brother for support, either in whole or in part.

The Pension Laws apply to *all* wars in which the United States have been engaged

Unusual facilities are afforded me for the collection of these claims having reliable and competent assistants at Washington D C, and New York, who have been in the business for the past fifteen years and give them their undivided attention

All *communications* asking advice or information should enclose *postage* or whenever of a character to require it should be accompanied with a reasonable fee

January 21, 1867 dtf A M S

Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF SHRAMM & NIXON WAS DISSOLVED by mutual consent on the 1st day of July Mr NIXON'S interest is transferred to JOSEPH S KIDDER CHAS SCHRAMM,
H B NIXON

Messrs SCHRAMM & KIDDER are responsible for all the liabilities of the late firm, and all debts due are payable to the new firm

A continuation of the liberal patronage extended to the late firm is respectfully solicited

SCHRAMM & KIDDER
Portland July 2 1867 d1m

PACIFIC MARKET!

EMPIRE MARKET REMOVED TO

THE PACIFIC MARKET!

Where all the business of the undersigned will be continued I will keep all the varieties of Meats the country affords

☞ Orders promptly attended to and delivered at the shortest notice A H JOHNSON
Portland, May 1st 1867 dawtf

Information Wanted.

OF MRS ELIZABETH COLSTON WIDOW OF THE late Dr Henry S Colston, U S A and her DAUGHTER FLORENCE Mrs Colston left Brooklyn N Y on the 1st January 1866 and was last heard from in March 1866, by letter on her arrival here Mrs C was under five feet high plain looking rather fine and aged 25 or 30 Her daughter Florence was about 8 years of age It is feared that something has happened them, and their afflicted relatives will be very grateful to any one who can give any information concerning them Address OREGONIAN OF RICE
Portland, June 26th, 1867 je26dtm

POWDER AND SHOT

For sale by W H CORBETT

BOOTS AND SHOES,
ap20dtf For sale by H W CORBETT

San Francisco.

SCALES! SCALES!!

FAIRBANK'S

U.S. STANDARD

OF ALL SIZES AND CAPACITIES

PORTABLE PLATFORM SCALES
GROCERS BUTCHERS and DRUGGISTS' SCALES;
GOLD SCALES for Miners and Bankers
SCALES of 6 000 to 30,000 pounds capacity for weighing LOADED WAGONS, for sale at the manufacturers

Branch House,
120 California Street,
San Francisco,
FAIRBANKS & HUTCHINSON

Send for an illustrated catalogue Jy14 2m

C I SHEFFIELD N W SPAULDING J PATTERSON

PACIFIC

SAW MANUFACTURING CO.,

Nos. 113 and 115 Pine Street,

between Battery and Front,

SAN FRANCISCO

PATENT GROUND CIRCULAR MILL MULAY GANG, PIT, CROSS CUT, FELLOE, SCROLL BUTCHER AND WOOD SAWS, of a superior quality, for sale and made to order CAST STEEL FACED PLANING KNIVES fitted to patterns Rooting and Moving, Sections made to order at short notice Files and Mandrels for sale Jessop & Sons celebrated Steel Steel for sale Imported straight steel, ground and polished when required SAW REPAIRING in all its branches such as Gumming Straightening, Retoothing, Grinding Polishing, etc Job Grinding and Polishing, at short notice jn11d3m4p

N. W. SPAULDING,

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 113 Pine Street, between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO

N. W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH IN SEGMENTS IN CIRCULAR SAWS

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes, also, Cross cut, Mill, Mulay, Gang, Rack Butcher and Hand Saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours at low cash market rates

Cast Steel Bevel PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice

N. B.—Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct

July 1st 1866.—dtf N W SPAULDING

P. C. DART,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

419 Front Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments of Merchantable Produce.

REFERS TO

Portland—Messrs Ladd & Tilton; Henry Failing, Esq
San Francisco—Wm C Ralston, Esq, Cashier Bank of California, Henry Coulter, Jr.
New York—Messrs A. E and O. B. Tilton, 95 and 98 Liberty St.; Albert Clark, Brevoort House. m28dtf

WILSON & EVANS,

543 GRAY ST., SAN FRANCISCO,

Manufacturers and Importers

OF

RIFLES, SHOT GUNS AND GUN MATERIALS

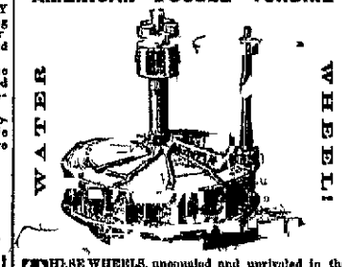
Of every Description.

ALSO, IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH, French and American Fishing Tackle, which we offer both wholesale and retail at 20 PER CENT BELOW ANY OTHER HOUSE on the Pacific Coast. Dixon's Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks, and WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET CUTLERY in great variety We are also the appointed agents for HENRY'S and SPENCER'S RIFLES and COLT'S and SMITH & WESSON'S PISTOLS, all of which we offer at the Lowest possible price Orders executed with dispatch

N B.—Repairing in all the branches at moderate prices ap20d3p3m

LEFFEL'S

AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE



WATER WHEEL!

THESE WHEELS, unequaled and unrivaled in the United States or the world, have been fully tested on this coast, more than forty being in use at this date, driving all kinds of machinery, Saw Mills, Flour Mills Quartz Mills, Woolen Factories, &c, &c

On account of the late calamity to the OREGON IRON WORKS we have lost a few Wheels, but of these sizes we have a good supply, therefore those contemplating using this Wheel need not be disappointed, but forward their order at once, accompanied with the CASH, which we now need more than the Wheels

We cheerfully refer to all using our wheels, and are assured that *all will affirm that our wheels accomplish all and even more than we claim for them* Address

LEFFEL & MYERS,

Oregon Iron Works Co., Portland, Oregon.

jy3d3m4p

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO,

Corner of North Front and E Sts.,

One Block North of Couch's Wharf,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

MANUFACTURES

STEAM ENGINES,

Boilers,

SAW AND GRIST MILL

Quartz and Mining MACHINERY

OF ALL KINDS,

Castings for Agricultural Machinery,

WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,

For Fire Proof Buildings at

SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT

Blacksmithing and Repairing.

PATTERNS MADE TO ORDER BY PETER TAYLOR.

All orders for Work will be Executed Promptly

JOHN NATION,
September 8 1866 dtf Superintendent

PORTLAND PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 110 First Street.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the Fact—

Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,

Copper, Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk Marble Wash Stands;
Cold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS,
SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH-BASINS,
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,
HYDRAULIC RAMS,
NON FREEZING HYDRANTS,
WATER CLOSETS, &c., &c

☞ Persons wishing to introduce Cold or Hot and Cold Water into their premises either Plain or Ornamental, would do well to give me a call

Portland April 3d 1865 C. B. MYERS.

GEORGE'S PLACE!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING SOLD HIS INTEREST in the Saloon known as George's Place to Mr. F TOBIAS, would respectfully tender his thanks to the public for the liberal share of patronage with which he has been favored, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same to the present owner

GEORGE WILLIAMS,
Portland, May 31st, 1867. jeldtf

HAYING AND HARVESTING TOOLS,

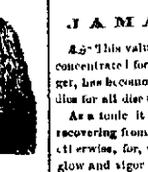
For sale by H W CORBETT.

Medical.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES

Dr Gibbon's Dispensary,



616 KEARNY STREET,
NEAR COMMERCIAL,
San Francisco Established in 1854

For the treatment of Seminal and Sexual Diseases such as Gonorrhœa Gleet Stricture Syphilis in all its Forms Seminal Weakness Impotency etc Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences, or from virus absorbed into the system! Look at their pallid, emaciated and disfigured faces and their broken-down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life In this horrid situation thousands is suffered until death closes the scene Let parents, guardians friends attend to those who are suffering with any of those horrible life destroying maladies—see that they are cured for and cured before it be too late Send them immediately to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has made private disease his especial study for years and who is certain to cure the most inveterate cases without mercury or any injurious drugs It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe or other places Be therefore careful and make strict inquiry or you may fall into the hands of those charlatans

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self abuse This solitary vice or dreadful sexual